SAN FRANCISCO.
W. SPAULDING
thing & Repairing
ABLISHMENT,
Fremont street be-
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N FRANCISCO.
SPAULDINGS PATENT FALSE TEETH
serted in circular saws,
RING, is all its branches, such as Gums
-Toothing, Straightening, etc.
LAR SAWS of all sizes; also Cross-cut, Mill,
ang, Buck, Butcher, and Hand-saws of all
rgest market rates.
ed Steel PLANER KNIVES and MOULD-
TERS always on hand, or made to order on
ice.
-KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., Gen'l
Merchants, Portland, Oregon, are my duly
ed Agents for Oregon, Washington & Idaho
sent through them by telegraph or other
d at same rates as if sent to me direct.
tle Unfortunate.
DR. GIBBON'S
DISPENSARY,
653 Kearny Street, S. F.
Established in 1854, for the treat-
ment of Sexual and Seminal Di-
seases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleet,
Stricture, Syphilis in all its forms,
Seminal Weakness, Impotency,
Skin Diseases etc., permanently
cured, or no charge.
EMINAL WEAKNESS,
al emissions, the consequence of self-abuse,
ary vice, or depraved sexual indulgence,
d by this youth of both sexes to an alarm-
of extent, rendering with unerring certain-
lowering train of morbid symptoms, unless
by scientific medical measures, viz.: Sal-
ntenance, dark spots under the eyes, pain
, ringing in the ears, noise like the rushing
and rattling of chariots, uneasiness upon
, weakness of the limbs, confused vision
intellect, loss of confidence, diffidence in
ong acquaintance, a dislike to form new
, disposition to shun society, loss of
, pimples and various eruptions over the face, furred tongue, fetid breath,
consumption, night sweats, monomania and
boundary.
CURED AT HOME.
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ing a letter to Dr. Gibbon, describing
, length of time the disease has existed,
medicines promptly forwarded, free from
and curiosity, to any part of the country,
ct plain directions. By inclosing the
ey can be forwarded to any part of the
Express, Paso de Cobre, a package of
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Box 1,937, San Francisco.
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R. STEINHART'S
SENCE OF LIFE
CURES
OUS AND PHYSICAL DEBILITY, AND
Mental Weakness, Spermatorrhœa and
ure Decline, Restores Exhausted Vitality
ores perfect health without failure. It pene-
nstitution to the blood, thereby eradicating
ments of the skin.
$5 per bottle, or four times the quantity in
Size, sent secure from observation, to
ress, upon receipt of price
TO BE HAD ONLY
at 428 Kearny Street,
Francisco, Cal., where all communications
should be addressed.
Office hours from 9 to 4 and 6 to 8 evenings.
from 10 to 1 only.
STRONG MEN
ng from the effect of youthful
(indiscretion), will do well to avoid
ase of any, the greatest boon ever be-
humanity. Dr. Steinhart
guarantees to forfeit $500 for every
mental weakness, or private disease of
character which he undertakes
to cure. So would, therefore say to
ng man who may read this no-
that you are treading upon dangerous
without delay in calling for
ion. If you are poor, remember you are en-
to cure. If you are bordering upon
ed and are suffering some or all of the ef-
ndiscretion that it pen pursue its progress
the time must come when the mind
body can endure no more, when death
the only relief. Do not be offended
this notice, for the angel of mercy can bring you re-
The door was thus closed against
Doctor failed of success.
Then we say to you, seek not elsewhere, but
you will yourself of the benefits of
treatment before your case is be-
from month of continual suffering, to
from you to a premature grave.
$5.00. Send money by
Express with full descrip-
of case. Call, or address
DR. A. W. STINNEY,
No. 11 Kearny Street, San Francisco.
UNDERTAKERS.

ERY. A.P. DELIN JOHN GARNOT.
EWERY, DeLIN & GARNOT,
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DEALERS IN
ls & Wooden Coffins, Caskets, Cases,
and all kinds of Undertakers Goods.
kinds of CABINET WORK made to order.
Furniture Repaired.
Washington and Second Sts., Portland, Ogn.
C. P. CRAFT.
COOKE & CRAFT,
UNDERTAKERS,
Dealers in Undertakers' Goods,
Portland, Oregon. P. O. Box 194.
em Touring Mills
ALEM, OREGON,
ers & Exporters
OF
RAIN AND FLOUR.
WHEAT
Bought at
and Ware of, Ankeny's Building
KINNEY, Agent, Salem. M. J. KINNEY, Agent, San Francisco
PORTLAND
BAR ASSOCIATION
ROOMS,
corner of Stark and First Streets,
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FOOT OF TAMHILL STREET.
ORENSEN & TAYLOR,
ALL KINDS OF WOOD,
and unsawed, constantly on hand and
Ordered to any part of the City.

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. I.—NO. 292. PORTLAND, OREGON: TUESDAY, JANUARY 9, 1877. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

...RAL NEWS.

...Fire.

...—The storage warehouse ... the foot of Vandyke ... burned to-day; loss $50,000;

...Louisville Forger.

...7.—Charles J. Brent, the ... in the steamship *Perfecta*, ... for Louisville in charge ...

...Murderers.

... match at the Alhambra ... between Andre Christ- ... was won by the lat- ... rounds. The match ... square and well contested.

...Paper.

...—Our paper, made its ... presents a handsome ... contains no special fea- ...

...

... the burial of Com- ... was offered by ... which Dr. Deems ... Episcopal church uria ... then removed and ... took at the ... The remains ... the vault ad- ... physicians leading ... was enclosed in a ... lowered to the place ... ment is about 30 ... a marble statue of ... simple inscription, ...

...

...nation to-day of ... it was found that the ... had been a consi- ...tion of the colon or ...struction, the contr- ... existed more than ... Besides this ... tion of the blad- ... intense pains that ... intervals. Both ... eys and liver were ... affected by disease or ... sufficiently so to ... will.

...Theodore Vander- ... to-day. He ... son, Wm. H. ... following be- ... and dollars each ... sect to his ... Catherine Vander- ... $2,000,000 to ... of Wm. H. ... in addition to ... marriage, together ... plate, horses, ... $1,000,000 to be ... which he left ...

...

... Drs. Wm. M. ... Washington, J. M. ... H. Hepworth, ... N. Martin, ... clergymen of ... are unite to form ... association, most ... from the old as- ... in endorsement ...

...

... Business Stores.

... removal of ordinance ... President said the ... being small, they ... where they could ... had no knowledge ... of like material from ... York, although the re- ...

...Arrivals.

... Bringer, the Ba- ... short time since in ... to-day in charge of a ... sued over to sheriff ...

... billiard match— ... Sexton and ... ner in 75 innings. ... ram, 417—largest ...

...

... heaviest fall of snow ... fell last night— ... Railroad traffic is badly ... a number of houses ... of the snow. ... snow storm of ... to-night say it is ... Rail road trains ... consequence.

...Dr. Hugh H. Blair ... protracted illness, aged ...

...Fire.

...—The steamship ... and 10 or 12 feet ... valuable articles, ... valuable paintings. ...

... hundred em- ... operation struck to-day ... for a reduction. ... with employers, ... will attempt to get aid ... to stand out.

...

...Removed the District ...

... reason given by ... members of the ... voters of this district ... that on reading the ... investigation concern- ... was surprised to learn ... had been neglected. ... a long time, but ... learned of the actual ... contrary to law and ... He knew nothing ... against Representa- ... what two detectives re- ...

...

...

The Eugene Legion-an.

TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 9, 1877.

THE LOUISIANA INVESTIGATION.

The Eugene *Guard* examines the statements of the parties who went to Louisiana to witness the count of the votes, and comes to the conclusion that "the Democratic statement is straightforward and bears the impress of truth," while "the Republican is a mass of lies concocted *after the event*." It is natural enough for the Democratic mind to accept as true the Democratic statement of the case; for the Democratic mind is usually strongly partisan, and strongly partisan minds do not often so far free themselves from party prejudices as to be able to weigh evidence according to its real value. It is no easy matter, indeed, for those who are less under the control of their prejudices to be entirely just in judging of matters wherein their feelings are involved. We have never doubted that both Democratic or Republican partisans were sincere in their expressions of opinion with regard to the Louisiana case. The evidence on either side is so positive and direct as to bewilder those who have no controlling party bias. In such a case it would be unreasonable to expect a partisan Democrat not to be convinced of the correctness of his side, or for a Republican not to accept the verdict of the representatives of his party as conclusive. Thus far, while we can not agree to the correctness of the Democratic version of the case, we have no disposition to find fault with the *Guard* for insisting upon a conclusion which, to our Republican view, is not warranted by the evidence.

But the mere influence of party bias upon the judgment will hardly suffice for an explanation of the *Guard's* asserting that the facts on which the Republicans rely to justify their claim to the vote of Louisiana were "concocted *after the event*," and for its emphasizing that assertion with Italics. Does the *Guard* wish to be understood as saying that there was no violence or intimidation by the Democratic bull-dozers and rifle clubs before the election? Surely no intelligent person, especially none so intelligent as the editor of the *Guard*, can doubt that there was some foundation in truth for the testimony of the great cloud of witnesses who told of violence and crime in the bull-dozed parishes. It may be admitted that excitement and passion have produced exaggeration in those stories, but the degree of exaggeration that would so far obscure natural issues as to make one believe the whole story to be one fabrication is inconceivable. We have no very high opinion of the Louisiana returning board, but we have been inclined to make large allowance for the coloring which partisan zeal and party interest might put upon the testimony of witnesses on either side, but we have never supposed that we were called upon to say that all the horrible stories told by those witnesses under oath, and shown to undergo rigid cross-examination, were a tissue of lies, made up out of whole cloth after the election, or to use the *Guard's* phrase, "concocted after the event."

That no idea is entertained by the very witness of barrels full of votes, and by undisputed evidence fifty-four voting districts, in the five parishes, cast the last preceding election only 1,082 votes, while the registration of the same voters was before this election, 8,319, suddenly fell off more than 2,000 votes, without a cause. Nor was it without cause that the falling off was altogether in the Republican vote. When a voting district which at the last previous election gave a Republican vote of some thousands, gives in this election less than a thousand Republican votes, and when it appears that that district is one which has been of late the raiding ground of Democratic rifle clubs, it is impossible not to ascribe the change of vote to the influence of the raids, especially when witnesses swear positively and from personal knowledge that such is the true explanation of it.

No, the facts upon which the Republicans rely were not "concocted after the event." Individual cases of violence have in all probability been exaggerated; but the general influence of violence and threats of violence on the result of the election, so far from being exaggerated, has never been told with half the force which the facts would warrant. The narratives of the killing of one or two or a [illegible] because of their political opinions and actions, presents to the understanding an idea of the atrocities which may be committed under the [illegible] of political passion; but we are apt to get from it no adequate idea of the extent to which the votes of others in a similar locality at election will be influenced through the fear of a like fate. Just here is where it seems to us the isolated facts stated by witnesses are likely to fall far short of the weight to which they are entitled in the investigation of the Louisiana election, and it is upon this view that the Republicans can well stand with confidence, and claim not only Louisiana, but the other half-dozed States, outside of and beyond the legal right they have to insist that the certificates from the proper authority of those States are conclusive upon all parties.

The Democrats in their meetings yesterday, both in Oregon and in the east, passed resolutions that are not of a kind to encourage the hope of a peaceful solution of the political problem. The sentiment expressed in all these gatherings, from which reports are received, when free from the vast amount of verbiage in which it is obscured, may be stated about as follows: We, the Democrats of the United States, deprecate the necessity for seizing by force the inauguration of Gov. Hayes as President, and will not resort to such violent means if peaceable means can possibly be found which will avert a usurpation of the many votes cast before this election, [illegible]

INSURANCE.

h British and Mercant
Fire Insurance Co.,
LONDON AND EDINBURGH.
TAL $10,000,000
re and Surplus Fund, ...
am. Ist, 1876 5,032,411
Receipts, 1875 ..... $15,032,411
Paid in United States, ... 4,361,968
Years 8,183,782
EDWARD HALL, Gen'l Agent,
Ankeny's Block, First street.

OREGON BRANCH
OME MUTUAL
e Insurance Company
l, - - - - $300,000
e, - - - - $168,511
e, 1875, - - - $165,000
s paid since Organization ....
$4,187,5
HAMILTON BOYD,
MANAGER,
First Street, Portland, Oregon.

NION
surance Company
FIRE AND MARINE.
ital, (GOLD COIN,) - $750,0
ets, exceed - $1,000,0
MAIN OFFICE FOR OREGON
National Bank Building, Portla
W. S. CALDWELL, Agent.

THE STATE
estern Fire & Insurance
COMPANY,
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
RE AND MARINE
Incorporated in 1871.
h Asset. - $475,4
OFFICERS:
ES ROSAPUY, ... A. J. BRYANT,
Vice Presid
CHARLES E. CORBIN, Secretary.
Company has no connection with any
ce companies, in business in Portland
Lewis, Taylor & Co. Same cash risk taking
offices in the above Company, are now
cept applications and issue Policies
Rates as equitable rates.
A. P. ARMSTRONG & CO.,
Agents for Oregon and Washington Ter

JANION & C
IMPORTERS AND
ERS IN Merc
AGENT FOR LLOYD'S.
OFFICE FOR SALE.
ALE, pints and quarts.
& CO'S ALE, pints and
E & CO'S ALE and POR
STOUT, pints.
CIDER, (Dry Sparkle & Sweet
Marsala and Julce
TERIA, in cases and bulk.
WHISKIES, in cases
CUVEE CHAMPAG
quarts.
SHERRIES, in bulk, ex
ected to this market; all at
RY POWDER and CURRANTS.
and COD LIVER OILS.
SALTS and CITRATE OF
Pure TAPIOCA.
RICE, CHAIN and Zi
ARROWS.
and VARNISHES.
ICE OF LIME and SODA A
HAT & C.'S BRICKS and HESS
ing and Lapping TWINE.
LARGE SHIPMENT
OF
LATE ARRIVALS
Just received per "Geo. W. Elder."
ean Stock,
Lowest Price
IT
. K. G'S,
75 First St.
HEITZ & MAY
Have just opened at
90 and 92 FRONT S
An Entire New and Large Stock of
ENWARE,
ls, Stoves and Ran
TINNERS' STOCK & TOOLS,
and Ware, House Furnish
Special Orders Promptly Executed.
J. & P. COATS
VE BEEN AWARDED A MEDAL
Medal at the Centenn. at Exposition
warded by the Judges for
perior Strength and Excellence
Spool Cotton."
A. T. GOSHORN, Director Gener
J. R. HAWLEY, President.
A. EX. R. BOTELER, Sec. pro.
KITTLE & CO., San Francisco,
Agents for Pacific Co
NOTICE.
LOST SCRIP, INDIAN VOUCPERS, &
New Orleans and other prize money
and Postoffice claims; obtain Pensions for
diers, sailors, wounded, injured or di
ers, widows and children; Patents, Ca
and land warrants for soldiers
send and land warrants for all
Washington. Locate timber land
and homesteads on lands near Portland
where. Apply to C. M. CARTER, att
ments—office Third and Main sts., Port
AUCTION! AUCTION!
OSHEA, Licensed Pawnbroker,
Washington street, between First
and, Portland, Ogn. Has first class
Jewelry, Revolvers and other
that he will sell at auction at the Hotel
prices. Persons requiring money will
r advances to call on him, as above
fit are to be reduced to less than one
charged. Auctioneering done at the lowest
All transactions strictly private
articles of every description bought
DR. GILMAN'S
E WILL BE REMOVED TO
dge's Building, corner of First and
nuary 1st, 1877.

The Oregonian.
PORTLAND, JANUARY 9, 1877.

CITY.

Geo. H. & Co.—The book and with eight of Babcock's extin- belonging to East Portland H. & Co., arrived about two s been duly "housed" in the in splendid condition for time last year a fire company in East Portland and the board ed to purchase a steam fire the city others concluded to ent outfit a new company The following are the officers Saturday: T. J. Matlock, Presi- ford, Foreman; A. L. Kirk, tant, Treasurer; First Assist- Woodworth; Second Assistant, Saward, Jacob Anderson; Furgerson, W. S. Gordon,

AFFAIR.—A correspondent re- & C. R. R. car shops sends the an players of the O. & C. R. R. most enjoyable time at their Saturday evening last. The well represented and dancing till 12 o'clock. Songs and rec- under a tier supper. But the of the occasion was each man ence on the battle field, in the in fact the whole affair of mock splitting narratives and something passed off agreeably, ant survey that a spirit of fra exists among those vari- the C. & C. R. R."

Monday, which will started a number of folks at the an- the winter season, has con- pleasantly and is showing very Last Friday evening the Mrs. Bracketts, and the secretion given would upon such older persons. ... will be mentioned the ... by Miss Clark and ... also a declamation in ... Forest. For he must- ... programme the Society is in- ... Lownsdale for her kind- ... piano forte.

—From the records of the ... Observation, Portland, ...

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
...	30.240	30.226	30.226
...	30.263	30.245	30.245
...	46	46	46
...	73	85	85
... W.	S.	N.	N.
...	2	2	2
... Clear.	Cloudy.	Cloudy.	Cloudy.

... Friday evening the boot ... by, in East Portland, ... some half a dozen or ... of. Entrance was ... entrance of the ... hole through the ... which means they ... the bolt. As a ... thieves left in the ... an old pair of worn

... last regular meeting of ... the following officers were ... Dooley; First Lieu- ... Second Lieutenant, ... W. J. Daily; ... Geo. F. manning, ... Ellis, Fourth Or- ... Treasurer, M. ... Secretary, R. Failing,

—At the annual ... of the Willamet ... directors were re- ... ensuing year: R. R. ... James Logan, ... of the directors the ... vice R. R. ... Taylor, vice pres- ... and P. ...

... Medley, owner of ... received a telegram yes- ... which conveyed ... that that vessel had ... No sickness nor ... the outward voyage, ... Gardner made the ... Columbia to Hong-

... Jos. Oppenheimer, ... Oppenheimer & Acker- ... here for California to ... at the residence ... Sunday evening, and ... especially, as she is one of ... addition to the gentle- ... upon both a prosper-

... annual election of the ... Society took place last ... were the officers elect- ... R. B. Sinnott, presi- ... President; E. Mozna- ... Clark, assistant secreta- ... Secretary; Jas. Kennedy, ...

... RECEPTION.—This ... officers of the vari- ... will be publicly in- ... Philharmonic hall. ... reception will take ... will be indulged in by ... dancing.

... Prayer meeting at the ... Sunday at 12 10 for one ... J. K. Acton. Subject ... Meet upon the Univer- ... at the Baptist church.

... Company C, Oregon ... every at their armo- ... evening, 17th inst. It will ...

... NOTES.

... city ... macadamized. ... and hall this evening. ... experienced a very open ... in the churches every ... of sickness, Mr. J. L. ... to be at his post of duty, ... of Col. Joseph Teal, of this ... a life member of the ... of the city of San Francisco. ... of Oregon commanders ... regular will be held at their ... Temple this (Tuesday) eve- ...

... of Alcazar, Chaplain Collins ... address on "John Quincy ... Adams," according to an- ... to do so next Wednesday ...

... Pythias installed their of- ... last at Oregon City last ... women of the order in ... train yesterday afternoon ...

COURTS.

CIRCUIT COURT—DEADY, J.

MONDAY, Jan. 8, 1877.

... vs. I. Sachs *et al.*; ...

... COURT—DEADY, J.

... Gibbs, Thos. R. McBride ... motion to dismissed.

CRICKET NOTES.

... the following cases were ... Adams; J. Buckley, ... Joe, drunk, $25; John ... Olinger, drunk, $20; M. ... Mike Wall, Tennant, ... Buckley, drunk and ... language, $30.

... Kohn's.

... Market—where you get the ... them.

DEMOCRATIC MASS MEETING.

DEMOCRACY OF PORTLAND INDIGNANT, SPEECHIFY AND RESOLUTE.

In obedience to the recommendation of the national and State Democratic central committees, that public mass meetings be held in the various counties of the different States on the 8th of January, 1877, for the purpose of discussing the political questions growing out of the present pending Presidential contest, a large number of our Democratic citizens assembled last evening at the court house.

The large court room was densely crowded, a large number of persons not being able to procure seats.

After several lively airs by the band, the meeting was called to order by Judge Wm. Strong.

Capt. J. R. Wiley moved that Hon. J. S. M. Van Cleave act as chairman of the meeting. Carried.

On assuming the chair, Mr. Van Cleave took occasion to return his thanks for the honor conferred. He stated that it was wholly superfluous to explain the object of the meeting, as all present doubtless were conversant with the same.

On motion J. J. Browne, Esq., was chosen secretary, and A. Noltner, assistant secretary. Mr. Browne not being present, Judge Page moved that Mr. Noltner act as secretary of the meeting, and Capt. J. R. Wiley, assistant secretary; carried.

Ex-Gov. Curry moved that a committee of five persons be appointed to prepare resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting. The motion prevailed, and the following persons were appointed by the meeting as such committee: S. Pennoyer, Geo. L. Curry, W. W. Thayer, W. F. Trimble and P. G. Stewart.

The committee then retired to draft resolutions.

Calls were made for Judge Wm. Strong, who came forward and addressed the meeting for some time. His remarks were tempered with moderation, and his voice was most decidedly for peace. He deprecated violence in any event; but insisted, most strenuously upon having a "fair deal." He charged gross and flagrant frauds on the part of the returning boards. It was no time now to order a new election. If Hayes was fairly and legally elected, even by only one electoral vote, the speaker was in favor of his being inaugurated. If Tilden was the choice of the people, then he should be inaugurated at all events. The people must be convinced beyond question that no unfair means have been employed. There must be a fair, impartial count, and the people do not propose to be "bulldozed" out of their rights. There must be no attempt to defeat the manifest choice of the people. He hoped that these difficulties would all be amicably settled. We have experienced the horrors of civil war. We all know what a train of evils follow in the train of war. He had confidence that there would be no trouble. But as much as he deprecated a resort to arms, he thought it would be preferable to have war rather than to tamely and silently submit to the inauguration of Mr. Hayes, when it was known that his majority was secured through foul means. It was said that Democrats would not fight; that they have had war enough. He hoped that the question would never be pushed to the issue; but it was not best to try them. [Here a voice was heard from the audience saying, "Yes, they will fight, too."] The speaker then turned his attention to the recent electoral muddle in Oregon, arguing at some length that Grover's action was sustained by law and precedent. Judge Strong closed his remarks by expressing the confident hope and belief that the perplexing questions would be adjusted without violence and without bloodshed. Tilden is legally and fairly elected President of the United States, and he felt convinced that he would be peacefully inducted into office on the 4th of next March.

Col. W. H. Effinger was the next speaker. He proceeded to argue the legal features of the Presidential question at considerable length, and denounced in the most acrimonious terms the action of the returning boards. Their action he declared was revolutionary and subversive of the rights of the people. It was a deliberate and studied attempt to wrest from the people their chartered and guaranteed rights, for the sole purpose of perpetuating in power the present administration. He thought that the party who had power enough to elect the President had the power to see him inaugurated. He did not like to speak of the unhappy result which would inevitably follow an attempt to inaugurate a President who had been elected by gross, palpable and outrageous frauds. If at last an appeal was made to arms, it would be a sad calamity to the republic. He deprecated war; the country had already suffered enough from its devastating hand. But he wished it to be distinctly understood that the people could not and would not tamely submit to such an outrage. They would stand upon their constitutional rights at any and all hazards. After all, the speaker said he had strong hopes that there was a conservative element in the country—a slumbering power—which would rise in the emergency above party dictation and party behests, and see that the people should not have this great and threatened wrong forced upon this nation. The remarks of Mr. Effinger were very enthusiastically received.

PREAMBLE AND RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Pennoyer, chairman of the committee on resolutions, offered the following, which were adopted without a dissenting voice:

Whereas, It is the public belief that on the 7th day of November last Samuel J. Tilden was fairly and honestly elected President of the United States by a majority of the electoral votes of the several States, and a very large majority of the popular vote of all the States; and

Whereas, It appears to be the plain and purpose of certain partisan leaders, through the aid of the super-serviceable Grant administration, to ignore the will of the people, and destroy the purity of the ballot box, by substituting therefor in certain States the indefensible action of partisan and corrupt returning boards, and so determining that another person than Samuel J. Tilden, to wit, Rutherford B. Hayes, shall be declared elected and inaugurated President; therefore

Resolved, That we as part of the Democracy of Oregon, speaking for ourselves, make deliberate declaration that the inauguration of Hayes as President of the United States, under such circumstances, would be a high handed outrage, subversive of the rights of the people, destructive of the principles of popular government, and ought to be resisted.

Resolved, That living as we do in a government of law, based upon a plain, written constitution, our only safety as a free people is in strict obedience to each and every one of its requirements and restrictions; that the violation of the least of these restrictions is dangerous, revolutionary and treasonable, and will serve as a pretext and precedent for further violation, thus undermining and overthrowing the chiefest bulwark of American freedom; and that therefore we do declare we have witnessed with sorrow the solicitude of our Republican brethren of this State, who have, with a few honorable exceptions, plainly shown their defiance of that great charter of our liberties by demanding that a person elected—tribute led by it from holding the office of elector shall also hold and exercise the duties of that office (although endeavoring to evade such inhibition by the silly subterfuge of a resignation and reappointment), and we affectionately warn them that such flagrant disregard of constitutional law is the prolific source of open, illimitable treason, which, if not checked at once, will ripen its bitter fruit and receive its justly merited and most condign punishment.

Resolved, That we will calmly and patiently await the Congressional action upon the reports of those committees who have in charge the matters pertaining to the recent Presidential election, with the hope that the conclusions reached may be in the interest of truth and justice, and the success of right against wrong, for we can not and will not tamely submit to the surrender of the administration of the general government to a party who seek success through the action of rascally returning boards and who endeavor to keep themselves in power by fraud and force—those twin instruments of knaves and tyrants.

Resolved, That the thanks of the people of the whole Union are due to Lafayette Grover, Governor of Oregon, for the strict discharge of his sworn duty in refusing to grant a certificate of election to a person ineligible under the constitution of his country, and in granting certificates to the three eligible electors having the largest number of votes; that our Republican friends of Oregon are alone responsible for the loss of an electoral vote in this State, by their own ignorant or willful disregard of a specific constitutional inhibition, and that a sense of decent self-respect should prevent them from condemning Governor Grover for a result, caused by their own ignorant or willful defiance of constitutional law, and we do further declare and demand that Congress shall recognize only as is its duty, the regular certified electoral vote of Oregon, cast upon the certificates of the Governor and in the clear pursuance of all the forms and requirements of the law.

The meeting then adjourned.

Every lady says the neatest made, most perfect fitting and the best underwear, wrappers, infants dresses, slips, etc., are at Mrs. Warner's.

For boy's clothing at cost go to Kohn's corner First and Morrison streets.

The only Febre now at *Chateau de Versailles*, Second street, near Morrison.

Dr. Halpruner is again able to be in his office from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Persons can have their corns treated as usual.

AMUSEMENTS.

DRAMATIC.—Ord Fino Theater was fairly patronized last evening, "Under the Gaslight" being presented. The play was enthusiastically received. To-night "East Lynne" will be performed. The company play at Salem and Albany on Wednesday and Thursday evenings.

THE OPERA.—"MARTHA."—The initial performance of this beautiful opera was sufficient to guarantee a full house, and such was certainly the case last night. The company never appeared to better advantage and gave more satisfaction than on this occasion. Miss Winston carried off the honors; her singing of the "Last Rose of Summer," always popular, was greeted with long and rapturous applause, the lady being obliged to sing twice before the large and appreciative audience could be satisfied. Mr. Bracy sang better last evening than we have heretofore observed. Miss Thompson gave evidence of having fully recovered from her late illness, and sang as well as ever, though not having as much to do as usual. Messrs. Farley & Bell were, as usual, at home in their respective parts. The opera gave perfect satisfaction and should be repeated, "La Peridhole" to-night, and, by request, "Martina" Wednesday evening.

NEW BOOKS.

The following new books have just been received and added to the Portland Library:

Joshua Haggard's Daughter; a novel; by Miss M. E. Braddon.

Shadows on the Snow; a novel; by B. L. Farjeon.

Linked Lives; a novel; by Lucy Gertrude Douglas.

From Dreams to Waking; a novel; by Eyan Linton.

Mystic London, or Phases of Occult Life in the British Metropolis; by Charles Maurice Davies.

Frank Nelson in the Forecastle, or the Sportsman's Club among the Whalers; by Harry Castlemon.

Snowed Up, or the Sportsman's Club in the Mountains; by Harry Castlemon.

The Morals of Trade; Two Lectures; 1, An Inquiry into the Actual Morality of Trade; 2, An Inquiry into the Causes of the Existing Demoralization and the Remedies therefor; given in the Authon Memorial Church, New York, by E. Hober Newton.

Ye Outside Fools, Glimpses Ins de the London Stock Exchange; by Erasmus Pinto, Broker.

The Book of Bible Words, being a Complete List of all the Words in the Bible Accented for Pronunciation.

A Yacht Voyage: Letters from High Latitudes, being some account of a voyage in 1860 in the schooner yacht *Foam* to Iceland, Jan Mayew and Spitzbergen; by Lord Dufferin.

Barton Experiment; by John Habberton, author of "Helen's Babies."

Impressions and Reminiscences of George Sand.

Harold, a drama; by Alfred Tennyson.

MILITARY NOTES.

Col. Cuvier Grover, 1st Cavalry, is appointed to act as inspector on certain quartermaster's stores at Fort Walla Walla, W. T., for which Lieut. Frank K. Upham, 1st Cavalry, is accountable; also as inspector on certain medical and hospital property; also on certain ordnance and ordnance stores, quartermaster's stores, and camp and garrison equipage, and on certain ordnance stores, quartermaster's stores, and camp and garrison equipage.

A board of survey, consisting of Capt. Evan Miles, 21st Infantry, 1st Lieut. Henry E. Pierce, 21st Infantry, 2d Lieut. Edward S. Farrow, 21st Infantry, assembled at Vancouver Depot, W. T., Monday, Jan. 8, 1877, at 10 o'clock A. M., to examine and report upon a quantity of damaged and obsolete clothing, camp and garrison equipage, which has been turned into the Depot from time to time as unfit for issue from the several posts in the department.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Recollect the sale by A. B. Richardson on Thursday.

Mrs. L. B. Seavler has re-established her millinery rooms on Washington street, near Fifth, and will be pleased to see the ladies.

THE TERRITORIES.

The *Mining Review* of Denver says: "Montana is credited with a total production of between $60,000,000 and $70,000,000 in gold dust since 1863."

Geo. Hammond and D. C. Thomason ran a foot race at Helena, Montana, last week, for $2,000 a side; distance 100 yards; time, 10½ seconds. Hammond won.

The Ogden *Freeman* says that nearly all the Mormons have left Franklin, Idaho, and are building a settlement in Utah, just south of the line, so as to evade the persecutions of their "ungodly neighbors." The "ungodly neighbors" referred to are grossly grand jurors.

At Deadwood, Dakota, last week, Dick Brown, banjoist, shot and killed Ed. Shaughnessy, an ex-baggage master, saloon keeper and showman. The trouble arose over a girl of the period, Fannie Garretson. Mr. S. some time ago went to the Black Hills, leaving his "wife," the Fannie, at Cheyenne, where she saw and loved Dick Brown, with whom she went to Deadwood. The two "husbands" collided, and the result was the death of S.

Overcoats and ulsters at Kohn's.

Captains and pilots will note the fact that Peter Wilhelm has fitted up two rooms for their especial use at the Fountain, corner Ash and First streets. English papers on file, and everything cosy.

Mrs. B. A. Owens, M.D., Office and residence, east side First street, between Yamhill and Taylor. Special attention given to Women and Children complaints. Also gives Medicated Vapor Baths, combined with Electricity, in treating Rheumatism and Chronic Diseases.

Ireland is progressing. The bankers there ascribe it to the introduction of Noble Whisky and withdrawal of the old time Irish whiskey. See accounts at Millard & VanSchuyver's, 89 Front street, sole agents Cyrus Noble Whisky.

FINZER'S HAVANA CIGAR STORE.

Opposite Strowbridge's Block, has on hand and for sale a large assortment of fine Cigars, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco the best, cheapest and largest assortment in the city. Call, judge for yourself, and be convinced that I give more satisfaction for your money than any other retail store here.
98 FIRST STREET

CHAS. E. BRAY,
Professor of Music,
Teacher of the Piano, Violin, Guitar and Cornet.
Leave orders at SHERMAN & HYDE'S, or at residence, cor. Fourth and Morrison streets.

OMNES PROBINT.

WM. PFUNDER,
APOTHECARY & CHEMIST,
Ankeny's New Market Theater Block
Portland, Oregon.
Pure Drugs, Chemicals and Medicines.

NOTICE.

The undersigned is taking leave of Portland returns his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage that has been bestowed, and would bespeak for his successors a continuance of the same.

Both DRS. BARBER & NICKLIN, are gentlemen in every way competent and worthy of any confidence that may be placed in them, and as such I can conscientiously recommend them to my former friends and patrons. J. H. HATCH.

A. L. FRANCIS,
Dealer in
PIANO AND ORGANS,
Portland, Oregon,
Extra Inducements Offered.
First-class Instruments Sold on Installments, at Greatly Reduced Prices. Old ones taken for part payment. Will visit all parts of the State and Washington Territory.
Pianos and Organs Tuned and Repaired
Address P. O Box 235.

PLEASE OBSERVE.

WILL AGAIN SAY TO THE GENTLEMEN OF Portland, that I am now residing on the corner of Fifth and Stark streets, and am very desirous to obtain six or eight Boarders. Will guarantee to give them as good a Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner as can be obtained elsewhere in the city, and at reasonable rates.
MRS. J. M. EDGAR.
ja5d6t

LOST.

A LETTER MAILED FROM BAKER CITY Nov. 24th, 1876, which contained besides some currency, two Notes, one drawn by S. A. Manning in favor of G. L. Manning for $318, dated April 22, 1876, the other drawn Nov. 24, 1876, by G. L. Manning in favor of S. A. Manning for the sum of $64. Payment on the above notes has been stopped. The person into whose possession they may fall will please send to S. A. MANNING, Oregonian Office. ja4d2w1t

CAPITAL NOTES.

Under date of January 8, our correspondent sends the following:

Weather perfectly charming.

Geo. W. Boyd read the services in the Episcopal church on Sunday last.

Rumors are rife of the establishment of a new banking house in this city.

Several inmates of the "Orphan's Home," in this city, are down with the diphtheria.

Seven ladies are attending the course of medical lectures at the Willamette University.

The newly elected city officers have qualified and assumed their various responsible positions.

J. N. Reynolds has assumed control of the *Statesman* routes in this city, vice F. M. McCully, resigned.

The Capital Mining Company are disposing of large quantities of their stock here and elsewhere in the State.

M. G. Harbord and Thos. Holman have formed a copartnership for the manufacture of washing machines in this city.

The week of prayer, which commences today, will be generally observed by the churches in this city, services in several of them being held every evening.

A. Bush, Esq., has been subpœnaed to appear at Washington to testify in the Oregon election case. It is highly probable others will be summoned.

Mrs. Orrin Savage, "Aunt Martha," was presented with an elegant set of glassware, wall brackets and paper holders, by her young Salem friends, on New Year's day.

T. B. Rickey, Esq., has just received some very rich specimens of quartz from the Lucky Queen ledge, and stockholders hereabouts are anxiously awaiting the first "clean up."

Six students of the Willamette University were suspended this morning, charged with the wanton destruction of school property. The boys claim there are two sides to the story.

D. W. Prentice of your city has been stopping at the Chemeketa Hotel for several days past, and he has disposed of two organs, one to Jno. Holman and another to E. N. Gillingham.

A ball masque at the Chemeketa is talked of among the terpsichorean devotees of this city. Let us have it by all means, at an early day, as something of the kind is wanted to stir us up a little.

R. A. Price has been reappointed street commissioner by the city council. Wm. Cox policeman, and Seth A. Hammer, city surveyor. They are all considered excellent selections.

Reed & Cox, the well known real estate and insurance agents of this city, have recently opened a stock board and will hereafter negotiate for the purchase and sale of Oregon mining stocks.

H. A. Johnson, Esq., is acting county treasurer during the absence of A. J. Wheeler, Esq., who is telling what he knows about the Oregon electoral vote before the Senate committee at Washington.

The ladies of the capital have in many instances commenced work in their flower gardens, imagining, no doubt, spring is at hand. We trust their botanical efforts will not be "nipped in the bud."

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The Sumptuous Entertainment Given by the Proprietors of the Palace Hotel, San Francisco, to the Pioneers of California, on the Occasion of the Celebration of the Completion of the Pacific Railroad.

The Palace Hotel, San Francisco, is the largest hotel in the world. It is the property of a stock company, the principal owners of which are Messrs. Ralston, Sharon, Mackey, Fair, Flood, Jones, Hobart, Crocker, Colton, Huntington, Stanford, Hopkins, Gould, Scott, Tevis, Sutro, Haggin, Tallant, Miller, Lick, Donahue, Pioche, Bayerque, Bowie, Ashe, Ryan, Wright, Bell, Ormsby, Hall, Pixley, Lloyd, Tubbs, Bonynge, Bixby, Bourn, Parrott, Lathrop, Wilson, Wilmerding, Pierce, Bruce, Lake, Wood, Bell, Hayward, Ellis, Lent, Rolfe, Lane, Mills, Lux, Haas, Meyer, Oppenheimer, Ackerman, Lilienthal, Rosenfeld, Rosenbaum, Rosenberg, Rosenstock, Rosenthal, Rosenblatt, Rosenwald, Rosenzweig, Rosenkranz

Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 9, 1877.

TERMS OF THE OREGONIAN.

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THE COUNT OF THE ELECTORAL VOTE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

A vast amount of acrimonious discussion is now going on as to how the electoral votes for President and Vice-President shall be counted. Article XII. of the amendments to the Federal Constitution (and in the matter under consideration it does not alter Art. II. of the original) would seem to settle the question in very plain and unambiguous language. Having provided that the sealed returns from each electoral college shall be directed to the President of the United States Senate, it goes on—"the President of the Senate shall, *in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives*, open all certificates and the votes shall be counted." Clearly the words "all certificates" mean certificates from "all the States," and though there might have been room for argument in the event of two certificates from any State being presented, who should determine which should be received, the whole claim seems to rest upon some implied power in the House of Representatives to pass upon the validity of returns, to reject such as they see fit, and set aside the election.

The present *status* of the question hinges entirely upon the meaning of the word "presence." Indeed, I have argument in favor of the democratic claim that the House of Representatives can declare there has been no election, and proceed to elect "like as President is now done upon the assumption that the House may proceed to be "present" so give validity to the sealed votes in making the choice of President and Vice-President as an incident. This assumption is entirely unwarranted by the last page, by contemporaneous opinion, by the plain current of precedents derivable from the manner in which every Presidential election has been conducted, since the adoption of the constitution. There is but one case where the House of Representatives has such power. The constitution placed the election of the President and Vice-President with the States, and where several candidates have received electoral votes, and no one candidate has the majority of all the electoral votes, then the House, voting by States, must, from *the three candidates with the highest number* of votes, elect one of the number President. This case is provided for in the late Presidential election. Only two candidates received electoral votes, as was of those who has been elected. To be present at the announcement of the result of last election is the *only* constitutional right the present House of Representatives—it has no authority whatever to make a President, nor to sit in judgment on the result of that election. If it were otherwise, and the House of Representatives could rightfully proceed against any return, simply to reject or thereby affect the result of an election, it follows that it possessed the power to re-act any motion by the people at other the State elections of 1876. As a necessary consequence a majority of the House elected two years before the Presidential election occurred can "control" the election of the President in the manner prescribed by the Constitution. It seems to be positive that such a power was never intended by the framers who, whether Senators or Representatives, would be no differently. No word in the Constitution supplies it or really interprets it, and the mere presence of a person in a particular place cannot be held to confer a power which, from the very nature of the case, must be exercised by a person in a particular capacity. The Constitution rendered the presence of the two Houses necessary for the counting of the electoral votes; the act fixed the time for such presence as the second Wednesday of February, and the meeting of one chamber, the time for the meeting of the other, having also been fixed by law and act.

Now, if Congress in session on the second Wednesday of February, as the act allows recess from 2 to 4 P. M. in their presence the certificates are then opened, the votes counted, and declared to the president of the Senate. They are the witnesses before whom the vote is counted by the officers from the certificates received and opened by him. That presence gives dignity to the formal declaration of the nation's choice of its chief magistrate. Their presence is the guarantee that the president of the Senate has faithfully performed his duty, that the sealed lists of the votes of the various States colleges received by the constitution's duly united canvasser have not been tampered with; that the count has been proceeded with conformable to the constitution and law. He and he alone is the possessor of the honors of the National Legislature when they convene and announces the result.

While we see no such duty in the article, and the debates of the day, and the contemporaneous history of the time of the Fathers of the Republic, fail to throw any light upon the subject, I will for the sake of argument admit that the language and incorporation of the clause into the constitution, in 1804, 1825, 1837, caused delay after the election, and that the constitution, provisions were being made for the discretion of that is Congress, as soon as it was duly ratified by three States. On this day a motion of Mr. Johnson, of Connecticut, it was resolved among other things (The Journal of Congress, vol. X., p. 781) "that the Senators and Representatives elect be present at the time and place the Senate *should appoint, and that after the purpose of receiving, opening and counting the votes for President.*" The "declaration of the Several conventions" were ordered to be delivered to members of that Congress. "In the 4th of April, 1789, a quorum of the Senate and Representatives. The journal of that day says: (See Annals Congress, vol I, p. 12, 13.)

MONDAY, April 6.

"The credentials of the members present being read and ordered to be filed, the senate proceeded, by ballot, to the choice of a President for the sole purpose of opening and counting the votes for President of the United States. John Langdon was elected.

"Ordered, That Mr. Ellsworth inform the House of Representatives that a quorum of the Senate is formed; that a President is elected for the sole purpose of opening the certificates and counting the votes of the electors of the several States in the choice of a President and Vice President of the United States; and that the Senate is now ready, in the Senate Chamber, to proceed, in the presence of the House, to discharge that duty; and that the Senate have appointed one of their members to sit at the clerk's table to make a list of the votes as they shall be declared; whereupon the members of the House repaired to the Senate chamber."

Thus, the Senate had declared its purpose to open and count the votes of the electors of President and Vice President of the United States.

"A paper or message from the members of the House of Representatives attending in the Senate Chamber, and the President elected for the purpose of counting the votes, declared that the Senate and House of Representatives had met, and that he, in their presence, *had opened* etc., counted the votes of the electors for President and Vice President of the United States, which were as follows:" Here follows a tabular statement of the votes "whereby it appeared that George Washington, Esq., was elected President, and John Adams, Esq., Vice President of the United States."

In the passage of that resolution, and that memorable first count participated in by the framers of the constitution, should remove all doubt as to the intent and meaning of the author of the provision. That convention were providing a government to be inaugurated so soon as the adoption of the Fundamental law by the requisite number of States should have completed the election. Having provided for an executive, and a law-making body to start the government, it convenes in Congress for the sole purpose of complying with the constitutional requirement of witnessing the count of votes to ascertain who has been entrusted with the execution of the laws. To the Senators elect—not yet the Senate—authority is given to make a President for the single purpose "to receive, open and count the votes." The Representatives-elect—not a lawful House—were necessarily convened while the count was being made. No vote could be received, opened or counted but by a President of the Senate. He and he alone was the custodian and canvasser of the sealed certificates. And we look in vain in the constitution or any law of Congress, in that first election, conducted by the very men who framed the sacred instrument, for any authority recognized to exist in the House of Representatives to annul or alter any certificate opened or declared by the President of the Senate, or which constitutes such House a returning board for the election of President of the United States.

It may be unfortunate at this juncture that a joint convention of the two houses to investigate returns is unauthorized and not contemplated by the constitution; that no tribunal has been designated or created to try matters of contest touching title to that high office; but the constitution has unmistakably designated a functionary to count and declare that vote, and *neither* house can vary the mode prescribed without a violation of that sacred instrument. D. E.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

MONDAY EVENING, Jan. 8, 1877

Gold in New York, 106⅞.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying 93¾; selling 93¼.

Silver Coin—buying, 91; selling, 95.

Coin Exchange on New York ¼ per cent. premium.

Coin Exchange on San Francisco par.

Gold Bars 725 per.

Telegraphic transfers on New York 1 per cent premium.

Currency Exchange on San Francisco ½ per cent. premium.

The week opens in business circles without any special new features in either financial or commercial matters. The outlook for the year is not very bright, it is true, but, nevertheless, there are elements which lend coloring to a hope for at least an average degree of prosperity. First, there is a fair supply of capital in the country and an abundance elsewhere which is seeking investment at a low rate of interest, so that, without some special disaster to the general commercial world, there need be no fears of any stringency in monetary affairs to the serious detriment or depression of trade. Second, the season so far has been such as to promise an abundant harvest of the products of the soil which form the principal wealth and are the foundation for the business of the State. The conditions of things, the season, etc., abroad are reported to be favorable to the hope of a good ready market and remunerative prices for these products. Hence we see at this time no reason why the producers and the buyers and sellers of Oregon should not look forward with encouragement to the results of the year's labors.

The present condition of trade in the local market is dull to a good deal of quietness, and though a few merchants from the interior are here making purchases for the spring trade, the wholesale and jobbing houses have ample time to set things in order since the holidays and prepare for a renewal of activity when the dull season is past, which always comes between the New Year's and the actual spring trade. In imported merchandise stocks are not heavy, but are already being replenished with a class of goods more than ever if possible adapted to the wants of the community, and dealers from the interior will find little reason to visit San Francisco after an inspection of the Portland market, either with regard to variety or prices.

The total coinage at San Francisco for the year 1876 was $62,622,000 gold and $10,661,000 in silver, a total of $12,704,476, the largest amount ever turned out in one year at that mint.

The mint commenced operations in 1854. From that time up to the close of 1876, the outturn of coin has been as follows:

Gold coined since 1854	$422,449,300
Silver coined since 1854	29,857,600
Total	$452,306,900

Of the silver coined, nearly $22,000,000 has been made during the past three and one half years, of which over 50 per cent. has been made in Trade dollars or the Chinese empire. Nearly all the subsidiary silver made during the past two years has been shipped to the East. The Bulletin says: The mint at present is in a state of great efficiency, but the work of increasing and utilizing its forces has not been taken. The introduction of automatic adjusters, which is in contemplation, will greatly add to the present facilities. The demand for coin for the past two years, at least, will be as large as in the past two years.

Puget Sound Commerce.

The growing commerce of Washington Territory deserves notice. Besides the very considerable portion of the salmon exports credited to Oregon generally and the important shipments made from Walla Walla of wheat, flour, etc., the *Tribune* gives the exports to foreign countries from the customs district of Puget Sound during the past year, aggregated in value $738,660, of which cargoes to the value of $411,123 were carried in American vessels and cargoes to the value of $327,537 in foreign vessels. These exports consisted of 40,400,000 feet of lumber, going chiefly to Peru, Chili, Australia, sandwich Islands, etc., and live stock, meats, rails, fruits, vegetables, flour and manufactured goods to British Columbia. The imports from foreign countries direct are insignificant in amount, footing up a value only of $79,144. In addition to the above the coal shipments during the year amounted to 101,556 tons against 70,187 in 1875. Adding this to other exports and it will be found that Washington Territory comes near if not does go beyond Oregon in the comparative value of her exports, considering also her population.

Weather and Crop Reports.

Under date of Dec. 31st, the Associated press of San Francisco received reports of the condition of the snow, weather, etc., from all the principal grain growing and shipping points on the Pacific coast. The almost universal complaint of drouth which was sent up from California leads to the belief that the wheat crop in that State will be very short. We collate the following from Oregon:

ALBANY—Has had a favorable season for farmers; they are preparing to put in a larger area of wheat than usual.

AURORA—The growing grain crops in this vicinity are in a very good condition, with very flattering prospects for the harvest of 1877. There are perhaps more acres sown to wheat this year in this vicinity, by one-fourth, than last year. The weather was never finer here than it is at present, and if everything continues favorable in the future, we confidently look forward to a bountiful harvest.

ALBANY—Weather clear and cool; no snow yet. This winter, Prospects for good crops were never better; the season is more than usual.

CORVALLIS—The winter has been the finest ever known in Oregon. More lands have been plowed than ever before at this time of year. Wheat is worth $1 per bushel. The farmers are prosperous and consequently happy.

ELKHORN CITY—Last harvest yielded only half a crop. Prospects for the coming year are good. The weather has been pleasant, with but little rain or frost.

GERVAIS—The farmers in this vicinity anticipate a good crop the coming season. There is considerable grain still in the country, held by farmers for better prices.

HALSEY—Crops have been light this fall, but our farmers expect to put in double the number of acres the coming season, therefore we look for a plent ful harvest.

JACKSONVILLE—We have had no snow yet and very little rain, and the miners are nearly all idle owing to the lack of water. Enough rain has fallen to insure good crops, which, it is expected, will be larger than ever before.

OAKLAND—The weather for the past six weeks has been very favorable for the farming interests, and the prospects for a large yield of grain are very flattering, indeed.

ROSEBURG—Farmers are sowing grain, and anticipate a richer harvest than ever before. To-day, the last of the centennial year, is one indica ve of spring. Business is unusually good in this locality, considering the time of year, and the prospects while grass 1877 are indeed flattering.

SHEDDS—The prospects for crops in this locality have never been more promising, with a far greater amount of ra n sown than usual at this time of year. The season has been very fine, and the ground in good condition for plowing, with brighter prospects ner 1877.

Shipping Intelligence.

The steamship Geo. W. Elder will be due from San Francisco to morrow night.

The bark Garibaldi, owned by Messrs. Corbitt & Macleay of this city, has arrived at Hong Kong, fifty days out. All well.

The bark Adele & Sabina has finished her cargo.

The Br ship City of Dublin will probably clear for Europe this week.

The bark Xoen has finished loading and will sail to-morrow.

The Br bk Vellejo has nearly completed her cargo and will clear in a short time.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 7.—Sailed—Brig North Star, Port Townsend; ship Western Shore, Port Townsend; bk Amethyst, Bellingham Bay; bk Vidette, Port Madison; schr Lizzie, Shoalwater Bay; bktn Quickstep, Port Townsend; str Empire, Coos Bay; bk Dublin, Seatack; str G. W. Elder, Astoria.

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—Flour—Extra jobbing at $6 25@7 25, silver.

Wheat—Fourteen hundred sacks good to choice milling $2 20@2 25. Liverpool market weaker shippers offer only $2 15 for equal lots.

Barley—Choice coast feed $1 30, part silver; brewing $1 50@1 52½, gold

Oats—$1 75@2 25.

Corn—Large yellow firm at $1 30, silver.

Hay—Cargo lots $12@17.

Potatoes—Choice in better favor at 37½@91.

Gold—106¾.

Legal Tenders—93¾@94¼.

Trade dollars, 100@101; halves, 93¼@91.

Liverpool wheat market to-day, 10s 11d@11 1d for average California; 11s 2d@11s 7d for club.

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co

To Take Effect Sunday, Sept. 17, 1876, at 12 o'clock Noon.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY), As follows:

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	7:30 A. M.	Roseburg	6:00 P.M.
Roseburg	5:00 A. M.	Portland	3:40 P.M.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) As follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	3:50 P. M.	Albany	8:25 P. M.
Albany	5:50 A. M.	Portland	10:05 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	6:15 A. M.	Junction	5:00 P. M
Junction	5:45 A. M.	Portland	5:15 P. M

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

Tickets for Sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's Office, Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.

E. P. ROGERS, BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l Sup't. Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

KALAMA TO TACOMA.

DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Kalama	11:30 A. M.	Tacoma	5:30 P. M.
Tacoma	6:30 A. M.	Kalama	12:30 P.M

CONNECTIONS

At Kalama with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats for all points on Columbia River.

At Tenino with a stage for Olympia.

At Tacoma with Steamers for Seattle, Olympia and all other points on Puget Sound.

On Saturday and Wednesday at 5 A. M. with steamers for Port Townsend, Victoria, Nanaimo, New Westminster and Fraser River.

Connecting Tri-Monthly with Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s Steamers from VICTORIA to SAN FRANCISCO.

Through fare from Portland to San Francisco:

Cabin.....$35 00 | Steerage.....$18 00

Through Tickets for sale at the office of the O. S. N. Co., Portland, Or.

J. W. SPRAGUE, General Superintendent.

H. W. FAIRWEATHER, General Ticket Agent.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ordinance No. 1889.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING APPROPRIATIONS out of the Street Lamp Fund.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The following sums are hereby appropriated out of the Street Lamp Fund:

For lighting gas lamps, two thousand dollars.

For lighting oil lamps, one thousand dollars.

For repairs and erection of street lamps, five hundred dollars.

Passed the Common Council Jan. 3, 1877.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Jan. 4, 1877

J. A. CHAPMAN, Mayor.

Ja5d5t

Ordinance No. 1885.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING CERTAIN APPROpriations out of the Fire Department Fund.

The city of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The following sums are hereby appropriated out of the Fire Department Fund:

For quarterly allowances to the several Fire Companies, as provided by Ordinance No. 1146, the sum of six thousand nine hundred and forty dollars.

For supply of water under contract with the Portland Water Company, eighteen hundred dollars.

For salary of chief engineer, eight hundred dollars.

For salary of fire warden four hundred dollars.

For salary of the secretary of the Fire Department two hundred dollars.

For card office alarm telegraph as per Ordinance No. 1672, three hundred dollars.

Passed the Common Council Jan. 3, 1877.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Jan. 4, 1877.

J. A. CHAPMAN, Mayor.

Ja5d5t

Mill Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the assessment made by Ordinance No. 1876 for the improvement of Mill street in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 1855, on each of the following described lots of land fronting upon that portion of said street lying between Third street and Fourth street, as well as those liable for a proportionate share of improving the intersections of streets running at right angles therewith, is due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer, in United States gold and silver coin, and unless paid within fifteen days from the date hereof, the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection thereof:

Block.	Lot.	Owner.	Assessm't.
14,	4,	J S Johnson	$31 05
14,	5,	W Lair Hill	35 65
			$70 70

By order of the Common Council.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Jan. 8, 1877. ja8d10c

To Street Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland until 12 o'clock M., Thursday, Jan. 11, 1877, for the improvement of the following named streets:

First street from Main to Madison as per Ordinance No. 1887.

Pine street from Second to Fifth as per Ordinance No. 1883.

Bids must be made separately on each street and opposite the number of each block state the price per cubic yard for excavation, and the price per lineal foot for broken stone;

Each bid must be accompanied with the bond of two freeholders in the sum of five hundred dollars, to the effect that if the contract be awarded to such bidder he will, upon its being so awarded, enter into contract therefor with good and sufficient sureties for its faithful performance.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved,

NOAH LAMBERT, S. BLUMAUER, THOS. STEPHENS, Committee on Streets and Public Property.

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For 1877.

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The CANVASSING for NAMES in this city and East Portland will be entrusted to reliable parties so as to ensure correctness in every detail.

Mr. A. BUSHNELL will solicit for Advertisements, and the Publisher hopes that the same patronage may be extended to the contemplated issue that has been received during the past fourteen years.

Please report all absentees in Firms or Business, Removals, etc., at the FRANKLIN BOOK STORE, 41 First street.

DISSOLUTION.

THE PARTNERSHIP BETWEEN THE UNDERsigned in the Pioneer Chop House was dissolved Dec. 31st, by the withdrawal of A. Fournier who has sold his interest to A. WILBRON, who is authorized to collect all dues and pay all debts of the late firm. A. FOURNIER, ja8d3t L. WILBRON.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST E. Smith, late of Iola city, are requested to present the same, with affidavit attached, previous to Feb. 1877, to Parish & Cornell, for settlement. ja1 F. J. NORTHRUP, Assignee.

BANKS.

OREGON & WASHINGTON MORTGAGE SAVINGS BANK,

(LIMITED)

9 First St., Ankeny's Building, Portland.

Board of Directors.

DONALD MACLEAY, B. GOLDSMITH, J. B. MONTGOMERY, and WILLIAM REID, Portland, and J. T. BROWN, Olympia, Director for Washington Territory.

THIS SAVINGS BANK

Receives deposits from $2 and upwards, either for short or long periods at fixed rates of interest.

Security to Depositors.

1. The Bank's $300 000 capital specially subscribed and pledged for security of depositors' moneys, in order that all losses (if any) shall be made therefrom and

2. The mortgages, assignments, and other securities on which the Bank's deposits are carefully loaned.

Hours—10 to 3 P. M., Saturdays, 10 to 1; open on Saturday evenings from 7 to 8 (for receiving deposits only. For further information apply to

WILLIAM REID, Managing Director.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital.....$2,000,000

With power to increase to $10,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE, London.
BRANCHES.....Victoria (B. C.), San Francisco and Portland.

AGENTS.

NEW YORK.....
CHICAGO.....} Bank of Montreal,
CANADA.....
MEXICO & SOUTH AMERICA.....London Bank of Mexico & South America.
IRELAND.....Bank of Ireland.
SCOTLAND.....British Linen Company.
ENGLAND.....National Provincial Bank of England.
LIVERPOOL.....Bank of Liverpool, North & South Wales Bank

The Bank transacts a General Banking business. Deposits received on current account, subject to check.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits at six per cent (6 per ct.) per annum for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted. Loans made on available security. Collections made promptly.

Exchange sold on London, Liverpool and on the principal towns and cities in Ireland and Scotland from £1 upwards. Also on all places in Canada in sums to suit. Coin and Currency drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on New York and Chicago.

Commercial Credits granted, available in Europe New York, China, Japan, South America, Australia and New Zealand.

FRED'K. TOWNSEND, Manager.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept, subject to check at sight.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.

Coin & Currency Exchange

(Sight and Telegraphic) for sale on

SAN FRANCISCO. NEW YORK.
ST. LOUIS. CHICAGO.

Bill of Exchange,

Drawn in the usual way, for any sum desired, on

LONDON. HONG KONG.
PARIS, BERLIN,
FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND,

Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.

Frost Scott.....HENRY FAILING,
Cashier.....JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS payable in Coin or Currency, for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on

LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN

THE RETAIL BANK, Limited.

THIS BANK CAN GIVE SATISFACTORY REFerences from leading men of Oregon, that whatever security is guaranteed to depositors through the Capital Stock being limited is vouchsafed to the public in due earnest of its fullest sense.

Other than the above we can only refer the people of Oregon for reference to the fact that "we still live," and the further fact that according to the laws of Oregon not only our bank assets (including office fixtures) are pledged for the payment of our liabilities, but every dollar of our private fortunes are liable to the bank creditors, and said private fortunes, too, are "limited." A friend suggests that our office fixtures are "limited" but he is try ng to "bear our credit, and we warn you against him.

DELASHMUTT & OATMAN.

LAW CARDS.

T. A. McBRIDE, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office in Monnastes' Brick, First Street, Portland. n17d3m

B. WHITTEN, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office—Opposite Court House, Court Street, Dallas City, Oregon. d19 5m

STL. G. SIMPSON, JNO. B. WALDO.

SIMPSON & WALDO, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

No. 12 Dekum's Building.

WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER, Attorneys at Law,

rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in Gilman's Building, corner First and Ash Streets, Portland.

F. A. CHENOWETH, Attorney-at-Law—Corvallis, Oregon.

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OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steamer GEO. W. ELDER,

FRANCIS CONNOR.....Commander

Will leave the Company's Wharf at Foot of F street for the above port on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 13, 1877, At 6 o'clock A. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, VIA TACOMA.

THE FIRST CLASS IRON STEAMSHIP CITY OF PANAMA,

Passengers for San Francisco via Victoria will leave Portland per Steamer "Welcome," on

SATURDAY, JAN. 6, 1877, AT 6 A. M.

THROUGH FARE, from Portland to San Francisco Cabin.....$35 00 Steerage.....$12 00

Tickets for sale at Office Oregon Steam Navigation Company, corner Front and Ash streets, up stairs.

Through Tickets sold to China, Sandwich Islands, Australia, New Zealand, Panama and New York.

RIVER STEAMERS.

THE W. LAMETT

Transportation and Locks Co.'s

STEAMERS leave PORTLAND from the Steamer Washington and Astor streets as follows:

FOR DAYTON—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 A. M.

For SALEM, ALBANY, CORVALLIS and Way Landings, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

For Lightering and Towing of Vessels

Between Portland and Astoria apply at the office of the Company, near corner of Front and Washington streets.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

THE WILLAMETTE

Transportation & Locks Co.'s

NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER JANUARY 1, 1877, until further notice, the W. T. & L. Co. will carry Freight at

REDUCED RATES.

UP FREIGHT:

PORTLAND TO SALEM.....$1 00 per ton.
Points above Salem 1 50

For SPECIAL RATES on DOWN FREIGHT apply at the Office of the Company.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGER STEAMERS LEAVE PORTLAND FOR DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday) at 6 o'clock A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—Tacoma and Seattle—Daily (except Sunday), at 6 A. M.

FOR KALAMA, TACOMA AND SEATTLE—Daily (except Sunday), at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Daily (except Sunday), at 6 A. M.

For Cathlamet, Bad View and Skamokawa—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

For Westport, Clifton and Knappa—Tuesday Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

"CITY OF SALEM"

Will Leave Pacific Wharf for

CORVALLIS AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, At 6 o'clock A. M.,

E. J. HATCH, Agent. U. R. SCOTT & CO.

STEAMER S. T. CHURCH

WILL RECEIVE FREIGHT ON Old P. T. Co Wharf on and after Dec. 27th for

CORVALLIS

and intermediate points. For rates apply on wharf or on board.

J. W. COCHRAN & CO.

Portland & Vancouver Packet

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER, JAS. T. ATAT, Master,

WILL LEAVE FOOT OF ALDER STREET daily, Sunday excepted, at 2:30 P. M., returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board.

Towing done between 10:30 A. M. and 2 P. M. daily, except Sundays.

MARKETS.

HENRY & BARBELL,

Flour and Feed Baskets

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

We have Superior Facilities for Smoking, Rendering, Covering, Coloring and Sugar-curing Meats.

Government Provisions strictly Attended to.

Brick Building, 130 Front St., Cor. Main, Portland, Oregon.

A. H. JOHNSON,

Stalls 36, 37 and 38 Central Market, Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh Meats.

PACKER OF BEEF AND PORK.

Highest Price paid for all kinds of Fat Stock.

CHRIS. SCHLOTH,

Wash ington St., near Third,

Is prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.

Free delivery to any part of the city.

W. W. PAULDING,

PORK PACKER.

Packing House—Cor. G, bet. Tenth and Eleventh.

Highest Cash Price paid for Fat Hogs. d&w

J. S. KELLER,

Cor. Madison and First Streets.

Is prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PORTLAND MARKET.

E. H. GARLING,

Cor. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS, KEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS. Orders delivered free to any part of the city. Free of Charge. Also, KOSHER BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON.

CAUTION.

TO ALL PERSONS WHO HAVE PURCHASED patent rights from A. L. Leathers. The patent No. 178,307 is only for the manufacturing process of Artificial Stone. The manufacturing of Moss to Tea belongs to another patent, which is exclusively my own property and I will prosecute to the extent of the law any parties manufacturing Moss Tea, unless they have previously purchased my right. F. CHAPPELLET.

OAKLAND, Cal., Dec. 22, 1876. d19 2m

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY LICENSES.

LICENSES FOR THE CURRENT QUARter are now due and payable for must be made or before the 10th inst. at my office, First street.

Liquor dealers must have their approved bonds and vouchers before made.

JOSEPH BACHMAN, Treasurer City of Portland.

Portland, January ..., 1877.

Co lege Street.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Assessment made by Ordinance No. 1884 for the improvement of College street between Front and Second streets, as well as those liable for a proportionate share of the cost of grading upon that part of Main street lying between the intersections of said streets with College street, and the intersections of Front and Second streets with College street, and the intersections of Main street with the alleys between Front and Second streets, and the intersections of Main street with the alleys between Front and Second streets, and the intersections of Main street with the alleys between Front and Second streets

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. I.—NO. 292. PORTLAND, OREGON: TUESDAY, JANUARY 9, 1877. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

...AL NEWS.

...Fire.

...—The storage warehouse ... the foot of Vandyke ...burned to-day; loss $50,000;

...Louisville Forger.

... 7.—Charles J. Brent, the ... in the steamship *Particia*, ... for Louisville in charge ...

...Wrestlers.

...ther match at the Alham... between Andre Chris... ...rner, was won by the lat... ...presents a hand... ...rounds. The match ...square and well contested.

...Paper.

...—day paper, made its ... contains no special fea...

...Graves.

...at the burial of Com... ...was offered by ... which Dr. Deems ...pal church [illegible] ...him then removed and ... a last look at the ...dore. The remains ...vault ad... ...physicians leading ... was enclosed in a ... lowered to the place ...ment is about 30 ... a marble statue of ... simple inscription ...

...nation to-day o... ...it was found that the ... been a cessa... ...tion of the colon or ...ration, the coccto... ...existed more than ...th. Besides this ...nation of the blad... ...intense pains that ... intervals. Both ...neys and liver were ...ected by disease or ...sufficiently so to ...

...Will.

...Theodore Vander... ...te to-day. He ...son, Wm. H. ... following be... ...d dollars each ...00 each to his ...lina Vander... ...$2,000,000 to ... of Wm. H. ... in addition to ...rriage, together ...state, horses, ...,000,000 to be ... which he left ...

...Dr. Wm. M. ...ddington, D. M. ... H. Hepworth, ...l, N. Martin, ...clergymen of ...are unite to form ...ection, most ...from the old as... ...its endorsement ...

...Bonds.

...been 1313, green... ...gold closed ...e, lower and ... W. C. ... Mariposa, 6s; ...s, 71; Panama, 123; C P bonds 1052.

...

...ranged round trains ...ave, owing to the se...

...Arrived.

...ss Erlinger, the Ba... a short time since in ...to-day in charge of a ...ased over to sheriff ...

...billiard match—... Sexton and ...rson, 417—largest ...

...heaviest fall of snow ...s fell last night—... railroad traffic is badly ...a number of houses ...ht of the snow. ...ost severe snow storm of ...s to-night say it is ... Rail road trains ...in consequence.

...Hugh H. Blair ...onstructed illness, aged ...

...—The steamship ...and 10 or 12 feet ...valuable articles, ...valuable paintings.

...hundred em... ...struck to-day ...ant reduction. ...with employers, ...ill attempt to get aid ...to stand out.

...ON CITY.

...ved the District ...

...—The reason given by ... members of the ...oners of this district ...was that on reading the ...estigation concern... ...surprised to learn ... been neglected ... a long time, but ... warned of the actual ... of that character. ... contrary to law and ... He knew nothing ... against Representa... what two detectives re...

...Business Notes.

...removal of ordinance ... President and the ... being small, they ...ed, where they could ... had no knowledge ... of like material from ... York, although the re...

...Interviews.

...recent publication as to ... of him, the President ... had freely expressed ... question, but had ... would or would not do ... his successor so le... being asked what he ...ed meetings to be ... places, the President ...e intended to intimidate ... effect on the public ... the character of the ... was not to be threat... ...attempted intimida... ...ered at these meet... ...ations, advising con... ...and acquiescence in ... by Congress as to ... received the ma... ...Tilden, the Democrats ... position; otherwise, a ... in the result.

...of Connecticut.

...—Governor Ingersoll ... to-night that ... the sum of nearly $12 000, belonging to the Illinois National Bank of Chicago, recently stolen from the Treasury Department, has been restored, the person who committed larceney having returned it to the Treasury through a third party.

A Treasury Thief.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: F. S. Winslow, one of the shipping clerks in the cash room of the Treasury, is the culprit in the matter of the $11,000 robbery between Chicago and the Treasury. He was previously suspended and his record is not good. It is understood that no arrest has been made.

Railway Jobs.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The *Times'* Washington special says: The sub-committee of the commission on Pacific railroad has been arranging to put into the Texas Pacific bill a provision for several branch lines at the eastern end for which no land grant was ever made, and for which the government was never in any way committed, but they are to have a guarantee of bonds all the same though there is no more reason for a government subsidy for them than for the Pennsylvania railroad. This is the feature of the bill that will receive attention.

Return of the Florida Committee.

The Special committee of Florida election has returned.

A Lucky Man.

The President has nominated Levy P. Lucky secretary of Utah Territory.

Pardoned.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—President Grant pardoned Martin Lattrule, a convicted gambler, upon unanimous recommendation and urgent appeal of the 12 jurors who found him guilty.

Taxation of National Banks.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The bill of Representative Willis, with reference to relieving National banks from certain taxation, which was referred to the committee on banking and currency, declares the purpose and intention of section 5219 of the revised statutes to be that no taxes shall be imposed upon shares of National banks by State legislatures or authorities, at a greater rate according to valuation than the rate imposed and valuation put upon other personal and real property in the hands of individual citizens of the respective States, and to be entitled to the same privileges and exemptions with respect to taxation as other personal property.

POLITICAL.

The New Electioan Scheme.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The *Times'* Washington special says the resolution of Fernando Wood, for settling the Presidential question by a new election in South Carolina, Louisiana and Florida, will probably be offered early this week in the House. Wood says he has had the resolution drawn for ten days, and has been holding it, hoping something might be done in committee, and that he still hopes they may originate and mature something that will meet the exigency of the case. He says something must be done soon, and no more time is to be lost. He says the idea of a new election in the three disputed States is entirely original with himself, and that the proposition has been drawn without consultation with anybody. He says there is no difficulty or dispute about the late election except in these three States, for says he, "I don't take any account of this Oregon business. I should hesitate to see Tilden made President by the vote of Oregon." Taking it for granted then that there is no dispute about Oregon, and that it belongs to Hayes, there has been no dispute except in these three States, South Carolina, Florida and Louisiana. My proposition is that in these States there shall be a new election under the State laws, but supervised and in a measure directed by the joint committee of the Senate and House on electoral count. Every one would be satisfied with the result of a new election so guarded, and it would show to the world the strength of our institutions and the power of the people for peaceful self government.

For one for Compromise.

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—The *Times'* Columbia special says Judge Mackey has returned from his visit to Gov. Hayes and says he has received from Hayes a strong intimation that in the event of his inauguration as President, he would recognize Gov. Hampton.

What Next?

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says the discussion among Democrats of the attempt to force a new election has brought up a new question as to the powers and duties of the Vice-President in connection with the electoral vote. It is held by some Republicans that in case the Democrats of the House attempt to prevent the announcement of the result, by debate, it would be the plain duty of Ferry to see that the session of the present Congress did not end without his declaring the result, since the constitution is mandatory, that at the joint convention the electoral vote shall be counted.

Aggressive Policy Determined On.

The Democratic caucus advisory committee have held another meeting, and are reported to have decided upon an active and aggressive policy for the future. Tilden has given notice that he thinks this course better, because the party just now has the appearance of weakness before the country. This is thought not to be favorable, and Tilden's advice to seem more in earnest will now be followed. Specific action has not been fully determined upon, but it is to have a caucus to-morrow night, and some proposals will be determined on and presented for formal action.

The *Times'* Washington special says the Democratic meeting here to-morrow will simply be a meeting of Congressmen in Ford's opera house. The expectation is the House will adjourn soon after 2 to give the Democrats a chance to attend.

Pushing the Contest.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The *World's* Washington special says in regard to the telegraph operator's case, which comes up to-morrow, a majority of the committee favor imprisoning Barnes, Orton and the Western Union executive committee until they produce the telegrams.

"By Congress or the President."

COLUMBIA, Jan. 8.—Gov. Chamberlain says the action of the Hampton government in providing for the lunatics, orphans and convicts, relieved him of the greatest embarrassment, but he does not think it will have any effect in deciding who is legal Governor. He says that will be settled in Washington by Congress or the President.

Blue Jeans' Accession to the Throne.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 8.—Governor Williams took the oath of office this morning, and was introduced to the legislature by the retiring governor, Hendricks. Governor Williams delivered a brief address, and closed by saying: "We have just passed through one of the most exciting and bitter campaigns I have ever witnessed. None have had more bitterness and unjustifiable scandal heaped upon their heads than myself. Notwithstanding all this I shall be pleased to co-operate with you in any measure calculated to make us a united, prosperous and happy people."

Wheeler's Visit to Hayes.

NEW YORK Jan. 8.—It is reported Wheeler left to-day for Ohio, to visit Hayes, at the latter's request.

A Compromise Reported.

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says it is reported the compromise electoral committee has reached an agreement that no electoral vote shall be rejected without mutual consent of the houses.

CANADA.

MONTREAL, Jan. 8.—Great excitement exists here over the rumored duel between Fred'k May and J. Gordon Bennett. The party took tickets to Montreal, but left the cars this side of the province line.

There is a fine opening for a flouring mill somewhere in the Lost river country. Good mill sites can be obtained at the Upper Gap and at Linkville. At the latter place the power is unlimited.

LOUISIANA.

Inauguration of the opposing Governors

Their Addresses.

Organizing a Democratic Police.

A Collision looked for.

The Democratic Legislature.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 7.—The city is quiet. No disturbance apprehended to-morrow. The Senate yesterday confirmed the reappointments of Chief Justice Luding, Justices Leonard and King to the supreme bench.

Kellogg's Legislature.

The *World's* New Orleans special says: The negroes in Kellogg's legislature do not seem to worry themselves much. They trust blindly in their white leaders, doing what they are told without having any idea what is to be attained. They are very much engaged at present in trying to make the most of the senatorial contest. They hope and fully expect to make enough out of it to pay their expenses and have a balance left over, as each of the three contestants for the long term, Kellogg, West and Warmouth, is understood to be paying liberally for votes. At a late hour it is ascertained Gen. Longstreet has pronounced against the Packard government. He will probably be appointed major general of militia under Nichols.

"All Quiet on the Potomac."

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 8—Noon.—All quiet at the State house. No trouble apprehended. A heavy force of police on duty, ready for inauguration ceremonies.

Not Quite So Quiet.

LATER.—Several thousand persons have assembled in and about St. Patrick's Hall and the crowd is rapidly increasing. By 1 P. M. some 5,000 people had assembled in the streets, square and adjacent buildings. At 1 P. M. Governor Nichols left the City Hotel for the hall where he was received with tremendous cheers by the assembled thousands. Governor Nichols appeared on the balcony, where, after prayer by Rev. Dr. Palmer, the oath of office was administered to Nichols.

The Other Governor.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 8.—Governor Packard and Lieutenant-Governor Antoine were inaugurated at the State House at 1:30.

Packard's Inaugural.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 8—1:45 P. M.—There was little excitement in the vicinity of the State house attending the inauguration of Packard. At 1 o'clock the Governor entered the House of Representatives. After the Legislature was called to order, Gov. Kellogg introduced Packard and said his circumstances recalled in many respects the condition of affairs prevailing 4 years ago when I entered upon the duties of the executive office of the State. Then, as now, a claim to the same positions went through the form of inauguration at the same time, in another place. There is now a minority of the members legally declared elected to the general assembly organized into the semblance of a legislature. Then as now it was declared that the government which represented the will of the minority would never be recognized by the majority. Then as now the business community were dragooned into a pronunciamento of tax resistance. I now introduce to you the next Governor of Louisiana, and tender to him on behalf of the outgoing government prompt recognition of his just claims, and the aid and encouragement it may be in our power to bestow. Gov. Packard read his inaugural. He had been declared elected Governor in the manner required by the Constitution and laws of the State. He should invoke the powers conferred upon him to enforce obedience to the laws, to command enduring peace for Louisiana. The Constitution of the United States afforded adequate remedies, where combinations existed beyond the power of the State authorities to deal with. It is no less the duty than the pleasure of the President, under the Constitution, to maintain the rights of the humblest citizen in every portion of the national domain. He enumerated a number of national measures necessary to the welfare of the State, and said, it will be my object to keep in view my obligations, to execute the laws, maintain public peace, to convince my constituents that every act is intended to promote their welfare.

Nicholls' Inaugural.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 8.—Governor Nicholls made the following address:

Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives: In obedience to the call of my fellow-citizens, as expressed through the ballot-box by a majority of more than 8,000 votes, I assume the duties of governor of my native State under circumstances of marked difficulty, and at a period of very general distress. For nine years a few men having no identification with the people of this State, either in feeling or interest, have shaped and controlled their destinies. The result of the unnatural condition of affairs has been that, in spite of rich soil, genial climate and immense resources, we find the people to-day in wretchedness and poverty. The very gifts of a kind and beneficent Creator have served to those men as additional incentives to acts of oppression and wrong. Not satisfied with the injury which they have inflicted the authors of these calamities are again struggling to maintain *their ascendancy by fraud*, and to establish over this people a usurpation more glaring and infamous than that which ends to-day its baneful existence. The people of this State determined, and I am also determined, that these efforts shall be foiled. The rights and liberties of Louisiana must not be suffered to be destroyed. There may be grave difficulties in the present manner of dealing with this matter, but they will be overcome, and hereafter upon the duly and legally constituted authorities of the State will devolve the proper administration of its affairs. It shall be the great object in my administration to promote kindness, sympathy, confidence and justice between the two races that inhabit the soil, and I who, with a common interest, should cordially co-operate to secure the common end.

Trying to get rid of the Returning Boards.

NEW ORLEANS Jan. 8.—The Democratic legislature passed a bill amending the election law, repealing the act constituting the returning board and providing that the governor, speaker and three Senators, of the different parties shall constitute a board of commissioners.

Receiving Congratulations.

After the inauguration, Nichols and Wiltz received congratulations. It is estimated that from 10,000 to 15,000 people, including ladies, were around St. Patrick's Hall. Nichols appointed Col. Boyland, the noted chief of the city police, and he is organizing a force.

A Mob.

The *Inter-Ocean's* New Orleans special says there was a fierce and denunciatory mob outside the State house during Packard's inauguration, and but for the presence of the police and soldiers in the vicinity there would doubtless have been a repetition of the bloody scenes of 1874.

The President Snubs Kellogg.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Last week the Louisiana Republican legislature passed a resolution asking for military protection against apprehended Democratic violence. This resolution was telegraphed to the President and laid before the cabinet last Tuesday, when it was deemed proper that no action should be taken upon it; but since that time Governor Kellogg has telegraphed to the President to the same effect, and desiring the recognition of the Republican government. The President having sent an appropriate reply to Kellogg's telegram, called a meeting of the cabinet to-day, in order to inform the members of his proceedings in the premises, and to secure harmonious action. The reply was unanimously approved and transmitted by telegraph to Governor Kellogg, and the substance of it was afterward given by the President himself to the associated press as follows: "There will be two inaugurations of Governor to-morrow unless one of them is prevented. I do not, however, propose to interfere with them. I have nothing before me to justify action in the way of recognition of either Governor, and therefore can not do so, particularly as a committee of each house of Congress is now engaged in investigating all the facts of the late election, including the contest of the two Governors, and two legislatures, both claiming to be legally elected. Under these circumstances to recognize one or the other would be hard and not justifiable, and I have so informed Governor Kellogg." The President further said that the Democratic Governor's organization has the sympathy of such part of the people of that State as have the requisite means to give sustenance to it, and their Governor and legislature would be recognized by them even if there were not half so many as there are now in the Democratic party in Louisiana. The President reported that he would not interfere by recognizing either government, until the contest should be settled, through the congressional investigation now in progress; but he should consider it to be his duty to keep peace, if occasion required, and prevent bloodshed pending the political complications.

Senate Investigation.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 8.—The Senate committee resumed to-day. John W. Harrill, planter, testified that his hands feared to vote Republican. He himself would have been afraid of his life had he voted the Republican ticket.

James Law testified he had been driven out of the parish, his store burned and his life threatened, on account of his Republicanism. He narrated many acts of violence.

The Senate sub-committee received the usual contradictory evidence at to East Baton Rouge, intimidation, etc.

Eliza Beechum testified to the abduction of her husband in August for attending a Republican meeting. She has never seen him since.

Jato Haines testified to seeing several negroes hung. He dug one grave for a dead negro himself.

BY STATE TELEGRAPH.

The Democratic Rally at Salem.

SALEM, Jan. 8.—In pursuance to the recent call of the Democratic central committee, a large and enthusiastic meeting assembled at the Opera House this evening. Geo. S. Downing, chairman of the county central committee, called the meeting to order and stated its object.

On motion, Mr. Downing was appointed permanent chairman and H. H. Gilfry, secretary.

On motion, a committee of three, consisting of L. Bristow, Blair Forward and F. X. Mathieu, was appointed by the chairman to report resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting and the objects for which it was called.

During the time the committee was absent preparing the report, Mr. Cutting and Judge Denham were called for and addressed the meeting in short and telling speeches, which were received with frequent and enthusiastic applause.

The committee on resolutions submitted the following report:

WHEREAS, A condition of affairs has arisen which threatens seriously to try the stability of our Republican institutions, and which, by a quiet submission to fraud, practically under pretended forms of law, may culminate in placing in the Presidential chair a man who would owe his position to a disregard of justice and the spirit of the law, in the establishment of a precedent by which a party once in power may forever perpetuate itself and thus make elections a farce and government the master instead of the reflex of the will of the people, or, through rashness, may result in revolution, the end of which would be but little less disastrous; and,

WHEREAS The people of the United States, by a majority of over 300,000 votes, have indicated Samuel J. Tilden as their choice for President, and Thomas A. Hendricks for Vice President; and

WHEREAS, It is our firm conviction that they have received a majority of the electoral votes legally cast for such ticket; therefore,

Resolved, That while, for the sake of peace and the love we bear our country, we are ready to sacrifice all doubtful rights, and to acquiesce in a wrong perpetrated through the recognized forms of law, we regard a surrender to an arbitrary and false declaration of the result of the Presidential contest obtained through unlawful authority, as no less dangerous to the welfare of our country and the perpetuity of our free institutions than the direct consequences of armed resistance and consequent civil war;

Resolved, That while we deprecate all appeals to the passions, prejudices, or the spirit of resentment, and favor moderation in council we equally favor firmness in action and determined resistance to every species of usurpation or fraud:

Resolved, That we solemnly protest in the name of civil liberty, the legally expressed will of the people and the constitution and laws of our country, against the inauguration of Rutherford B. Hayes as President and Wm. A. Wheeler as Vice President of these United States.

Resolved, That the threatened attempt to prevent the House of Representatives of Congress from exercising *the right to participate in the counting* of the electoral vote and of having a voice in declaring the result, a right which has belonged to it since the foundation of the Government and which is attested by numerous precedents, is a threat of revolution and a menace against civil liberty; that the success of such an attempt would subvert our constitutional government and establish the rule of a mob; that we appeal to our fellow citizens of all parties, to the *love of constitutional* government, hallowed by the traditions of a glorious past, to their sense of justice and of duty, to that inalienable pride of American citizenship by which they are distinguished, to resist as a sacred duty this revolutionary attempt upon our government and our liberties, with all the means known to a law abiding and liberty loving people.

Lastly, Resolved, That we regard the action of Governor Garver and Secretary Chadwick in refusing to issue a certificate of election to J. W. Watts and granting the same to E. A. Cronin, as giving effect to the will of the people legally and constitutionally expressed, and as the result of *their obligations to* abide by and faithfully execute the constitution and laws of the country, and a conscientious regard for their oaths of office.

The resolutions were then read and adopted seriatim. After the adoption of the resolution Colonel George K. Shiel was called for and addressed the meeting in a forcible speech, which was greeted with frequent rounds of applause. Upon motion the meeting adjourned *sine die*.

THE BENNETT-MAY DUEL.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The hostile meeting between Bennett and May probably took place to-day. Frederick May and his cousin from Baltimore, who left New York Friday night, purchased tickets for Montreal, but it is probable that some point this side of the city, but the other side of the border, had been already selected, and that Bennett was already in waiting there, having taken the train by the Northern railroad from Boston. The report that Bennett had secured Richard Taylor as second is unfounded. Taylor is confined to his room in Washington.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—It is rumored around the city to-day that James Gordon Bennet and Frederick May have fought a duel, but the rumor did not state the place of meeting. At his club to-night, members, when spoken to about it, acknowledged having heard the report, but could give no particulars, nor any reason why such a report could have been started. No telegrams or letters in reference to the matter were received there up to a late hour to-night. Dr. May, father of Frederick, when spoken to about the matter this afternoon, said he had heard the rumors, but had heard nothing confirmatory or otherwise about them.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—A report is current that James Gordon Bennett and Fred. May fought a duel this morning, near Lake Champlain, Canada, and that Bennett was wounded.

It is reported a private dispatch from Canada is received announcing that a duel had been fought between Bennett and May, and Bennett had been shot in the bowels.

May is not in the Canted Field.

WASHINGTON Jan. 7.—A gentleman who arrived from Baltimore says that last night he saw Frederick May at the Gar and club in that city.

Not Frederick, but Doctor Frederick.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 7.—Dr. Frederick May, cousin of May who assaulted Bennett, is in this city.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 8.—A rumor prevails here that the Bennett-May duel took place to-day in Maryland, but diligent inquiry at the Maryland Club fails to trace the rumor to any authentic source. The fact that Dr. Frederick May, of Baltimore, has been seen in the city since early forenoon lends credence to the report. Intimate and confidential friends of May decline to give any information.

EIGHTH OF JANUARY.

The Democratic Demonstration.

No Peace without Tilden,

A great deal of Bluster.

The Democratic Meeting.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—A Democratic mass convention took place in this city to-day. Richard H. Merrick presided. Speeches were made by Mr. Merrick, Hon Henry Watterson of Louisville, Jos. Pulitzer, of St. Louis and others. The meeting lasted until a late hour in the evening. Watterson declared his belief the vote would be counted as it ever has been counted. It can't be wrested from the people under any circumstances. All the appliances of peace would be resorted to to settle the question at issue, but the people would not submit to usurpation, and should they need a leader, another Jackson would be at hand ready.

A Full Attendance.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The Democratic meeting in this city to-day under the auspices of the Tilden and Hendricks reform club was very fully attended. Ford's opera house, where the demonstration took place, being literally crowded with many ladies, despite bad weather, among the vast audience. Richard T. Merrick was chosen president of the meeting, and the list of vice presidents and secretaries embraced the names of a number of the oldest and most substantial citizens. The speakers, in addition to the president, were Congressmen Wakeman, Banning, Tarbox, Cooker, Force Pulitzer, and others. The general tone of the speeches was animated, in favor of applying all means of peace to settle the pending complications. They avowed themselves earnestly desirous of finding a method of solving the great questions at issue.

Watterson said he expected on the day of the counting of the votes to see 100,000 unarmed men in this city patiently awaiting the result and determined in their views of the American right of appeal. He knew that all appliances of peace would be used in the settlement of the question, but he people were not prepared to submit to usurpation in event of which a second Jackson would be ready to lead them to the preservation of the constitution and government.

Banning said he people want peace, but there must be no bayonets in the House.

Several of the speakers declared their belief that the rank and file of the Republican party would be with the mass of the Democracy in their views as to how the question should be settled. The count would be made as it has always been.

The resolutions of the meeting demanded that both houses of Congress exercise the usual and concurrent jurisdiction in the final examination and counting of the electoral ballot. They declare Tilden and Hendricks elected, and believe there is virtue enough left in the hearts of their fellow citizens without distinction of party, to discover by peaceful means and to enforce by constitutional agencies, a solution of the present difficulties. If their faith should be deluded, then without vaunt or menace, but in the spirit of sad and resolute determination, they resolve to do their full duty in any emergency, and appeal to their fellow citizens throughout the country to defend their right and preserve and defend the constitution and government.

The theater was tastefully decorated with flags and mottoes, and a band of music enlivened the demonstration.

The Mass Jackson Jubilee.

The *Inter-Ocean's* Washington special says a Virginia Democratic member was on the floor of the House to-day uproariously drunk, and signalized the occasion by assault upon a reporter. Two colleagues subsequently removed him.

Democratic Resolutions.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 8.—At the Democratic meeting this evening the following resolutions were passed:

Resolved, That we, as we have no doubt that Samuel J. Tilden and Thos A. Hendricks are fully entitled to a majority of the electoral votes for President and Vice President, we at the same time believe it to be our duty and are willing to submit the question as to who has been fairly and constitutionally elected to the decision of the Senate and House of Representatives, to whom it constitutionally belongs; and the demand of them, as we believe do a vast majority of the people of all parties, that they come to some agreement for an honest count as required by law, and pledging ourselves to abide by the result, whatever it may be.

Resolved, That it is a well settled principle of law that when an official duty is to be performed upon the happening of a certain contingency, and no mode has been provided for decid ng when the event has occurred, those who are required to perform the duty are the sole judges as to when the contingency arises; and in accordance with this principle, we declare that each house of Congress is called upon to decide for itself when the contingency shall arise that requires separate action under the constitution in the election of a President by the House of Representatives, and Vice President by the Senate.

Resolved, That in case the two houses, after exhausting every parliamentary means, are unable to agree upon such a count of votes as will secure to any person a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, it will then become the duty of the House immediately to choose a President and of the Senate a Vice President, as provided by the constitution; and if the House shall choose a President or the Senate a Vice President according to such provisions, then such constitutional action must be submitted to, and all forcible opposition thereto be proceeded against as treason and rebellion.

The meeting declared the announcement by leading Republican newspapers the morning after the election that South Carolina, Florida and Louisiana had gone for Hayes, before any possible news could have been received, followed by orders to the army to protect the boards of canvassers, issued before the boards were assembled, and without reason to suspect dishonesty, together with the knowledge that the result of the election in these States could be changed so as to be in Hayes, and the knowledge that the Louisiana returning board was the same which had formerly reversed the legal vote of the State, could only have been intended to notify those canvassing boards that they would be upheld in any villainy whatever, and the result proves that they appreciated the situation, and committed the frauds that were expected of them. They condemn the action of Judge Bond in overriding the State courts, the action of the army in setting up an illegal legislature in South Carolina, the concentration of troops in the South, and threats in the partisan press that members of the House of Representatives will be arrested if the House attempts to participate in the count of the votes. These things establish the existence of a conspiracy by force and fraud to proclaim and inaugurate a President and Vice President contrary to the constitutionally expressed will of the American people; that it is the duty of the House of Representatives, the grand inquest of the nation, to inquire into said conspiracy, and if the officers of the government have been engaged in conspiracy, and have committed overt acts in furtherance of the plot, by the illegal use of the army or otherwise, to take immediate action to defeat the conspiracy and to bring the conspirators to trial at the bar of the Senate; that the president of this convention send a copy of these resolutions to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, with a request that each lay the same before the bodies over which they respectively preside.

MEXICO.

HAVANA, Jan. 7.—The English mail steamer arrived from Vera Cruz and brings the following intelligence:

CITY OF MEXICO, Dec. 29, 876.

Whole brigades and regiments of Iglesias' army have pronounced for Diaz, but the latter has not cared to attack Iglesias, he being strongly posted with 5,000 men at Silva. The States of Jalisco, Zacatecas, Durango, San Luis Potosi, and Neueva Leon have pronounced for Diaz. General Mendez, who was appointed regent by Diaz to act during his absence, has issued a convocatoria for the election of a president, chief justice, and members of congress on January 28th. Mejia and Iglesias are both excluded as candidates or electors; also all members of the Lerdo and Juarez governments.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco Stock Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—Ophir 20¾, Mexican 17½, Gould & Curry 11¼, Hale & Norcross 40, California 43¾, Savage 9, Con Va 38¾, Caledonia 80¾, Hale & Norcross 6¾, Jacket 7, Point 3, Imperial 1, Alpha 18½, Kentuck ⅝, Confidence 10, Belcher 10½, Overman 1¾, Justice 2½, Union 6¾, Julia 5, Caledonia 15¾, Sierra Nevada 8¾, Utah 14½, Exchequer 8¾, Kentucky 8¾, Baltimore 1¾, Rhode Island 50c, New York 30c, Trojan 60c, Woodville 1, Kossuth 1, Con Va 1, Sheridan 1¼, Julian 2½, Alta 1, Lady Washington 1, Belcher 75c, Sierra 1¾, Occidental 1¾, Andes 1¾, Niagara 27½c, Eu Con 17¾, Jackson 32, Leopard 8c, N Belle 25¾, Succor 50c, Prospect 50c, Wells Fargo 15c.

EVENING BOARD.—Belmont 31, Gila 50c, N Belle 2, Charter 87½c, Chariot 3, Poorman 20, Man in Jail 13¾, Leopard 4¼, New Coso 4¾, California 43¾, Belcher 10¾, Con Va 39¾, Bullion 9¾, Ohio Jar 80, Point 7, Justice 11¾, Imperial 1 55, Savage 9, Exchequer 24¾, Jacket 8, Andes 1 50, Union 17.

Stock Boards.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—The adjournment of the San Francisco Board to-day has in a measure transferred business to the other boards. The market opened strong for some securities and weak for others, Bonanzas being pressed firmly held.

The Russian Fleet at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—Another Russian gunboat, the *Kreisack*, arrived to-day, making six now here, with five more to come.

A Dead Look at Wheat.

The south now preparing and war prospects in Europe have so softened the views of holders of wheat that business has come almost to a dead lock, and ships are lying idle or seeking charters elsewhere. A first class iron British ship has been chartered to carry wheat to England for 47, which is unprecedented in the history of the port.

The Fresno Shooting.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—The Examiner this evening has the following: The heavy raid on stocks controlled by the firm of Schultz & Von Bergen has had the effect of cramping that firm to a certain extent. Friday a mortgage was recorded from C. Schultz et al. to H. Formann on a lot corner of California and Front streets, for $30,000 and interest at one per cent. per month. Additional significance is added to the above from the apparently well authenticated report current on the street last night that they have been forced to the wall, and that a meeting of their creditors and interested parties is being held up town this evening to consider the situation. Stocks controlled by them broke still lower in the afternoon Pacific board, Ophir as low as 11¼, Bullion 9¾, Exchequer 4¾.

The San Diego Railway Excitement.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 8.—A true railroad meeting Saturday night. Secretary sent another delegate, A. Sessom, to Washington to attend to our railroad interests. He arrived yesterday.

Despatches by Telegraph.

Depression on account of rain continues.

The Fresno Fire.

VALLEJO, Jan. 8.—Ex-Sheriff R. F. Pinkham commenced criminal suit in the police court here for $2,000 against J. O. Baker, of Oakland.

NEVADA.

A Chinese Lynching.

VIRGINIA, Jan. 5.—Ing Lee began Saturday, between Kop Sing and Ah Sam Chinamen. Three shots were fired, one died instantly, another not expected to live. The Chinese are armed. Another riot expected.

The Eastern Question.

Preparing for War.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—Germany is preparing to mobilize the army corps for the purpose of watching the Polish frontier. This is in accordance with a statement made some time ago that in the event of war between Russia and Germany the latter would immediately mobilize the German army corps in the event of Russian occupation of Poland.

A Significant Statement.

A dispatch says Austria is calling out reserves in Bohemia and elsewhere.

No Indications.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 7.—The European ambassadors met at the Russian embassy Saturday evening. It is said they decided to declare at a day's sitting of the conference, that they have not modified their views and cannot make any further concessions.

VIENNA, Jan. 8.—A correspondent of the *Times* says the Porte seems willing to grant a consular commission to Bosnia and Herzegovina, and refers in regard to the one for Bulgaria. The correspondent concludes an extensive review of the situation as follows: The Christian subjects of existing are not quite so irreconcilable as not to excite hope that a compromise is possible, and at all events that further delay in the decision for a few days is justifiable.

The Porte's Reply.

The Vienna correspondent at Vienna telegraphs there is every hope the differences between Roumania and Turkey may be arranged. Turkey has already informed the Roumanian government that the Porte never contemplated any intention of any kind, but that it awaits from Roumania a written declaration to that effect.

No Agreement Reached.

VIENNA, Jan. 8.—Reliable information has been received that the memorandum of Safvet Pasha is so unsatisfactory; opposed to the proposals of the powers that unless plenipotentiaries make considerable concession in the conference to-day hardly a chance of agreement remains.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—Various special dispatches as to the probable attitude of the Porte at to-day's meeting of the conference were very conflicting.

A Paris special of the *Telegraph*, dated Sunday, says the Porte is apparently still determined to make no further concessions, and that the Marquis of Salisbury has already engaged a steamer to depart the 16th inst. The same correspondent continues the report that some sort of ultimatum will be presented.

AT LAST CABLE.

Sir Edward Thornton to Leave Us.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—It is announced that Sir Edward Thornton, British minister to the United States, is to replace Sir Henry G. Elliot at Constantinople.

The Spanish Extradition Treaty.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—A dispatch from Madrid states that the extradition between Spain and the United States includes crimes committed in Cuba and other colonies. The relations between Washington and Madrid are very cordial in respect to crimes committed in Cuba.

Steamer Supposed to have Foundered.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—The steamer *Colombo* from Hull and New York is supposed to have foundered.

Hurricane and Flame.

MARSEILLES, Jan. 8.—In Corsica and neighboring provinces to-day a hurricane has raged with terrible violence. Miles of woods on the mountains are burning, and whole herds of cattle and farms have been destroyed. The military of the provinces have been actively engaged arresting the conflagration.

Bank of England.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—Amount of bullion withdrawn from bank of England on balance to-day, $5,000.

Liverpool Wheat Market.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 8.—Wheat 10s 11d@11s 1d for average California white. Receipts wheat past week from Atlantic ports, 6,000 quarters; Pacific ports, 3,000; other ports, 17,000; receipts corn, 22,000.

The medical class of the Willamette University this year is larger than any former class in the history of the institution.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.

The Chair presented a communication by the Secretary of the Treasury calling attention to the necessity for an additional appropriation of $30,000 for the payment of temporary Treasury clerks, that department business might not be embarrassed; referred.

Sherman presented a petition of prominent Cincinnatians, irrespective of party, asking an amicable settlement of the Presidential contest, and made a speech representing the value of their opinions and the general desire of the country, which, they expressed for a peaceful conclusion.

Thurman endorsed the senator's remarks.

The petition was referred to the special committee considering the Presidential question.

Morton, from the committee on elections, reported with regard to the recusant witness Kemper, the banker, who refused to answer the Senate committee, and a resolution directing the president of the Senate to issue a warrant for his arrest and have him brought before the bar of the Senate for contempt; ordered printed. Morton will call the matter up to morrow.

The resolution recently presented by the election committee requiring Turner, Western Union Telegraph manager, Jacksonville, Oregon, to answer the questions concerning certain telegrams which went through his office, etc., passed 35 to 5. The nays were Anthony, Burnside and others.

Edmunds submitted resolutions instructing the special committee of conference to report to the powers of the electoral college, and whether the same may transact both State and national business, to determine whether returns are in conformity of elements in said returns with the constitution; and whether the houses, separately or jointly, have the power to go behind returns and into the action of the State boards, and whether the power exists anywhere to reject votes, and if so, where, and to what extent, and whether votes can be rejected which the State boards have counted and certified as votes, and whether the power exists anywhere to reject votes which are regular on their face, and which have been counted by the State boards, and certified as votes, and what votes can be rejected, and what votes can be counted, and what votes can be certified, and what votes can be counted, and what votes can be certified, and what votes can be counted, and what votes can be certified

Eugene Legion.

TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 9, 1877.

THE LOUISIANA INVESTIGATION.

The Eugene *Guard* examines the statements of the parties who went to Louisiana to witness the count of the votes, and comes to the conclusion that "the Democratic statement is straightforward and bears the impress of truth," while "the Republican is a mass of lies concocted *after the event*." It is natural enough for the Democratic mind to accept as true the Democratic statement of the case; for the Democratic mind is usually strongly partisan, and strongly partisan minds do not often so far free themselves from party prejudices as to be able to weigh evidence according to its real value. It is no easy matter, indeed, for those who are less under the control of their prejudices to be entirely just in judging of matters wherein their feelings are involved. We have never doubted that both Democratic or Republican partisans were sincere in their expressions of opinion with regard to the Louisiana case. The evidence on either side is so positive and direct as to bewilder those who have no controlling party bias. In such a case it would be unreasonable to expect a partisan Democrat not to be convinced of the correctness of his side, or for a Republican not to accept the verdict of the representatives of his party as conclusive. Thus far, while we can not agree to the correctness of the Democratic version of the case, we have no disposition to find fault with the *Guard* for insisting upon a conclusion which, to our Republican view, is not warranted by the evidence.

But the mere influence of party bias upon the judgment will hardly suffice for an explanation of the *Guard's* asserting that the facts on which the Republicans rely to justify their claim to the vote of Louisiana were *"concocted after the event,"* and for its emphasizing that assertion with Italics. Does the *Guard* wish to be understood as saying that there was no violence or intimidation by the Democratic bull-dozers and rifle clubs before the election? Surely no intelligent person, especially none so intelligent as the editor of the *Guard*, can doubt that there was some foundation in truth for the testimony of the great cloud of witnesses who told of violence and crime in the bull-dozed parishes. It may be admitted that excitement and passion have produced exaggeration in these stories; but the degree of exaggeration that occurs so far obscures the general reason as to make one believe the whole story to be one fabrication is incredible. We have no very high opinion of the Louisiana returning board, and we have been inclined to make large allowance for the coloring which partisan zeal and party interest might put upon their official acts in the matter of the testimony they received; but we have been convinced by nothing so far any candid person is to say that all the horrible stories told by these witnesses under oath, and subject to cross-examination, were a tissue of lies made up out of whole cloth after the election, or, to use the *Guard's* phrase, "concocted after the event." That no idea is entertained by the very nature of human testimony, and by undisputed evidence of facts, a voting district in the parish of Ouachita gave a large majority for the last preceding election, and while, owing to a registration of but many voters cast before this election, it suddenly fell off more than 2,000 votes, without a cause. Nor was it without cause that the falling off was altogether in the Republican vote. When a voting district which at the last previous election gave a Republican vote of some thousands, gives on this election less than a hundred Republican votes, and when it appears that that district is one which has been of late the raiding ground of Democratic rifle clubs, it is impossible not to ascribe the change of vote to the influence of the raids, especially when witnesses swear positively and from personal knowledge that such is the true explanation of it.

No, the facts upon which the Republicans rely were not "concocted after the event." Individual cases of violence have, in all probability, been exaggerated; but the general influence of violence and threats of violence as the result of the election, so far from being exaggerated, has never been told with half the force which the facts would warrant. The narrative of the killing of one or two or a few Republicans here, because of their political associations and actions, presents to the understanding an idea of the atrocities which may be committed under the impulses of political passion; but we are apt to get from it no adequate idea of the extent to which the votes of others in a similarly helpless condition will be influenced through the fear of a like fate. Just here is where it seems to us the isolated facts stated by witnesses are likely to fall far short of the weight to which they are entitled in the investigation of the Louisiana election, and it is upon this view that the Republicans can well stand with confidence, and claim not only Louisiana, but the other half-dozen States, outside of and beyond the legal right they have to insist that the certificates from the proper authority of those States are conclusive upon all parties.

The Democrats in their meetings yesterday, both in Oregon and in the East, passed resolutions that are not of a kind to encourage the hope of a peaceful solution of the political problem. The sentiment expressed in all these gatherings, from which reports are received, when freed from the vast amount of verbiage in which it is obscured, may be stated about as follows: We, the Democrats of the United States, deprecate the necessity for resisting by force the inauguration of Gov. Hayes as President, and will not resort to that until we have tried all peaceable means; but we regard the use of force as a less evil than submission to such a wrong as we think the induction of Hayes into the office would be. And before we propose forcible resistance we propose peaceable measures. There is an air of heroic devotion to principle about all this, which is sadly out of keeping with the circumstances of the case. Admitting that the fairness of the election of Hayes is not entirely clear, it certainly is not so clear as to justify any party in effecting its consummation by violent means. There is surely as nearly a clear case for Hayes as for his opponent, and we should say the Republicans would do a very foolish and a very dangerous thing, if they were to assemble themselves together at all the cities and towns of the nation and resolve to insist on his being declared elected at all events, and declare their purpose to resist the election of Tilden with force in case they could not successfully resist by peaceable means. We fully expect to see a peaceable inauguration of the person who is declared on the second Wednesday of February to have been elected, and if that person should be, as we hope it will not be, Mr. Tilden, we expect to see Republicans as well as Democrats accept the decision as final. That is what ought to be expected of both parties, and of every citizen. The Democrats may be, we trust it will turn out that they are, merely "playing a game of bluff;" but if so, they are carrying the matter farther than is at all seemly or safe for the country. It is not impossible that they may, by these menacing proceedings, set in motion a force which they themselves cannot control, and which may not be restrained except with a the shedding of blood.

The transfer of Sir Edward Thornton, Britain minister at Washington, to Constantinople, is announced by a cable dispatch. Whether the Ottoman empire is next after the United States in the diplomatic line of promotion, according to the English civil service rules, does not appear. Perhaps it may be considered so at this time, in view of the responsibilities connected with the mission at Constantinople. Many people in the United States have come to regard Sir Edward as an integral part of our institutions, from his connection with the settlement of the Alabama claims dispute, in which so many were directly interested, and his valuable services as umpire to the mixed commission to adjust claims or offenses of the United States and Mexico, for spoliations on the Texas frontier.

The Chicago *Tribune* has a Washington dispatch reporting an agreement among the members of the joint committee of the Senate and House on counting the electoral votes, which is to the effect that no vote shall be rejected without the concurrence of both Houses. That would let in the three disputed Southern States, and make Oregon's vote the pivotal point in the contest. The peculiar condition of the returns from this State would raise the question which are the regularly returned votes, those of the Odell college or those of the Cronin college.

THE OREGON CASE.

The Oregon Farce.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The Senate committee on privileges and elections this morning continued the investigation of the Oregon electoral matter. Charles Dimond, of New York, testified that he is a banker doing business for A. E. & C. E. Tilton, New York; Ladd & Bush, Oregon, and others. Witness met the firm of Martin & Runyon, December 6th, for the first time. On that date Runyon came to witness' office and left word he wanted to see witness. Witness went to Runyon's office, and Runyon gave him a check for $3,000, payable to Ladd & Bush, Oregon. Witness gave Runyon a telegraphic dispatch, which read: "To Messrs. Ladd & Bush, Salem, Oregon—Runyon & Martin have deposited $3,000 to your account." The dispatch was in the cipher used by him and those he does business with. He was not requested to put the dispatch in cipher, nor to keep the transaction secret. Ladd & Bush cleared with witness December 11th so return the $3,000 to Martin & Runyon. Do not know why it was returned unused. Witness said he would produce without subpœna his letter book containing his correspondence with Ladd & Bush and Ladd & Tilton of Oregon.

New York, Jan. 8.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: Morton's committee issued a subpœna for W. T. Pelton, Tilden's private secretary and manager of the Liberty-street bureau during the late campaign. The testimony given yesterday by Runyon and Harrison, and the mentioning of Col. Pelton's name with the transaction, which the committee is investigating, has caused considerable talk in Washington, and curiosity to learn the whole history of it is greater than ever.

Hewitt, chairman of the National Democratic committee, says: None of the committee went to Oregon, either before or after the election. Applications came from almost every other State in the Union for money to assist in paying legitimate expenses of the campaign, but no request for any help ever came from Oregon. He says also Pelton had nothing to do with the disbursement of the funds of the committee.

The Travels of Cronin.

New York, Jan. 8.—Cronin, of Oregon, is at the Astor House.

Sentiment in Oregon.

New York, Jan. 8.—The *Sun* has the following: "To the Senate—You can go ahead with your investigations respecting the use of money in elections. No matter what the facts are, the country wants them."

Tribune squibs: Oregon is a long way off, but is too near to be a safe graveyard for political crimes.

Cronin has started back from Washington, but his message is not with him.

A few days ago several indiscreet Democratic editors remarked, that Morton is laboring hard to find something rotten in Oregon. He seems to have been successful in finding two distinct deposits of rottenness, one in Oregon and one in Liberty street connected with each other by a telegraph wire.

The *Times'* editorial says: We are just learning something of the details of Democratic scheming in Oregon, by which the confidential advisers and agents of Tilden hoped to get an electoral vote against the acknowledged will of the people of that State. The Governor of the State, at first reluctant to act in a fraud so barefaced, is persuaded by arguments from headquarters. The Democratic elector who is to take the chief part in the plot is paid for his trouble by money from New York. Other sums are traced from the bankers of Tilden's adjutants to the Democratic manager in Oregon. The plan is laid with the utmost caution and is carried out to the letter, and it is only its stupidity, and by no means its want of bad intent, which prevents it bringing about a great offense against the voters of Oregon, and the people of the country. The Democratic policy in Oregon is of a piece with the chicanery practiced in Louisiana.

Runyon's Case Hangs Fire.

The Senate delay action in the recusant witness Runyon case on account of lack of a quorum, many members being away on committees or working for election.

The Pelton Affair.

The latest explanation of the Pelton affair is that Pelton will show he sent the money for paying counsel who argued before Governor Grover that Cronin had the right to the electoral vote.

We don't see why Congress should keep on bothering itself or the country any more about this President al question, when it has already been twice decided. In the first place Hewitt decided it, and in the next place his decision is affirmed by the highest court of last resort, the Democratic Central Committee of Pennsylvania, which in the *ex cathedra* style of Hewitt's proclamation, issues this final, absolute and infallible decree: *We declare* that Samuel J. Tilden and Thomas A. Hendricks were on the 7th of November last elected President and Vice-President of the United States. Upon which several millions of American citizens will this morning make this more or less audible annotation. "The dickens you do!" and we this in more or less legible print, "What is the particular use of supporting all the machinery of State and national governments at such a tremendous expense when the business for which they are created is taken off their hands, and performed free, gratis, for nothing, with such neatness, simplicity and dispatch, by a volunteer committee at Harrisburg—not to mention Mr. Hewitt, at Washington, who have assumed all the executive, legislative and judicial powers of the government. We don't see but that the people had better repeal the constitution and let these gentlemen run the machine.—*St. Paul Pioneer Press.*

New Year's was tolerably well observed in Independence, there being a grand ball and a sociable in the evening.

OREGON.

Ashland has an esthetic society.

The "tramp" who was booted out of the hotel at Jacksonville the other day, objected on the ground that the landlord had no right to "go behind the board."

From all parts of the State come favorable reports of the condition of the crops. Better weather was never experienced for agricultural purposes, and a larger area of ground has been seeded this fall and winter than has been known before in the history of the State.

This is the way that a shrewd Linn county farmer got $2 a bushel for his wheat. Said farmer called on Charles Simpson, Albany, and inquired: "What'll you give me for my wheat?" "One dollar," was the answer. "You can have it," was the reply. Upon repairing to the wagon there was but half a bushel of wheat. The joke was good, and the dollar was forked over.

A correspondent, writing from Drain station, Douglas county, says: "Mr. John Allen, living about three miles from this place, claims that he has found an oil spring on his place. He brought into town a phial full of the oil, and some parties here from the East pronounce it crude petroleum. He says the spring affords considerable of oil, and being in a mountainous locality, it is thought by many that there can be large amounts of it procured. Parties here intend to prospect it as soon as possible."

Col. W. A. Owen mounted his war horse and went to Jackson creek to dispossess ye honest miners who had jumped his claim and driven out the Mongolians. The valiant Colonel drew up his forces on chosen ground, and, drawing his revolver, commanded them to come forth; they came and marched up to the muzzle of the Colonel's weapon, which, by his kind invitation, they seized and in turn placed to their muzzles. The ceremony ended, the Colonel withdrew his forces, leaving ye miners in possession of the field. So says the Ash and *Tidings*.

Lecky, the historian, is one of the shyest of men, in spite of the fact that he is an Irishman. Just after his first famous book was published a very brilliant woman of English society was consigned at a dinner party as a table companion to a tall, blushing young man who seemed almost too bashful to speak, and whose name she failed to catch. The clever woman was inwardly abusing her hostess for sending her out to dinner with such a shy and silent being of no consequence, when suddenly the conversation at table began to interest him, and he broke into such eloquent and delightful talk that she was not surprised to hear somebody address him as "Lecky." He married one of the favorite maids of honor of the Queen of Holland, and probably no poor wretch ever went through worse angonies of shyness than did he during the series of entertainments which the Queen insisted upon giving the pair.

And whence comes the threat of war? Who proclaim to the country that the blood of fraternal conflict is to seal the commission of the next President? Not the South; for they have been silent under insult and submissive under violence and fraud. Not from the people of the North, for they with one accord, demand an honest and lawful solution of the dispute, and will give no support, either moral or physical, to any other cause. The bugle blast of war comes from the desperate politicians who have shamed the nation by their revolutionary wrongs and seek to obliterate their infamy in the passions of civil strife.—*Phila. Times.*

MARRIED:

On Dec. 28, 876, at the residence of the bride's parents, near Pineville, Wasco county, Oregon, by D. O. Thomas J. P., William Foster and Miss Mayette Allen.

On Burnt River, Dec. 31, Burt Prescott and Miss Ada Norton.

DIED:

In Baker county, Dec 27, Christina W. Borman, aged 47 years.

In Clarke county, W. T., Jan. 3, John Milton Selby, aged 45 years.

NEW TO-DAY.

Hosiery. All Wool and Cotton, and a new supply of Corsets, just received at 107 Third street, by JOHN WILSON

TO RENT.

FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT board, in a private family. N. E. corner A and Fourth. ja5dlm

REMOVAL.

DR. SLOAN HAS REMOVED TO THE NEW block on Second, between Morrison and Yamhill streets. Office—Rooms 1, 2, 3 and 4.

MADAME SEAVIER

TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING TO THE Ladies of Portland that she has re-established her

Dress-making Business

On Washington Street, second door from Fifth. ja9 2w

LOST.

A FEW DAYS AGO, A CERTIFICATE OF DEposit of the Bank of British Columbia for $5.75, of which payment has been stopped, and Bill of Sale for a Pony. The finder will please return the same to SAMUEL E. TURNER, Morrison street, next door to St. Charles Hotel.

SOCIAL PARTY

GIVEN BY THE

"CITY RIFLES," Co. "C,"

First Oregon Infantry,

AT THEIR ARMORY,

Wednesday Evening, January 17, 1877.

TICKETS, $1.00.

The Company will appear in full uniform and give an Exhibition Drill during the evening.

A. D. RICHARDSON,
AUCTIONEER.

AUCTION SALE,
OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

I will sell on the premises, at residence of J. OPPENHEIMER, Esq. on

THURSDAY, JAN. 11, 1877,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,

One Elegant Black Walnut Sofa,
Two " " " Easy Chairs,
Six " " " Parlor Chairs
One French Plate Mirror,
60 yds Brussels Carpet,
One Whatnot.

ALSO,

Four Bedroom Sets.

ALSO,

Hair and Spring Mattresses, Blankets, Sheets, Pillow Slips, Pillows, 3-Ply Carpets, Chamber, Crockery, &c.

ALSO,

One Extension Table,
One Elegant French China Dinner Set,
Heavy Plated Caster, Knives and Forks, Spoons, &c.

ALSO,

Sideboard, Lounges, &c.
Kitchen Furniture.

A. D. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

Sch ol Taxes for 1876.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE LAW FOR THE collection of School Taxes passed by the last Legislature does not take effect until the 20th instant, Taxes will be received up to that time, and all taxes remaining unpaid at that date will be returned to the County Clerk as delinquent, who is commanded by the law to attach his warrant to said delinquent list commanding the Sheriff to collect the same. All that want to save costs will come up and pay.

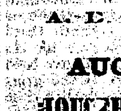
By order of the Board of Directors.

GEO. W. MURRAY,
Clerk of School District No. 1.

Office—With Messrs. Parrish & Cornell, Real Estate Brokers, 88 Front street, Portland, Jan. 4, 1877. dja20

For PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, NANAIMO, FORT WRANGLE and SITKA.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.



THE STEAMSHIP

GUSSIE TELFAIR,

J. A. GARDINER.....Commander

Will leave the Oregon Steamship Company's Wharf foot of F street, for the above ports on

TUESDAY, JAN. 23, 1877,
At 5 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at corner F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

AMUSEMENTS.

ORO FINO THEATER.

J. AL. SAWTELLE.....Lessee and Manager

Overwhelming Success

Of the young and versatile Actress

MISS ALMIE FIRMIN!

And the great Character Actor,

MR. JOHN JACK.

TUESDAY EVENING, JAN. 9, 1877,

Production of the great emotional Drama of

EAST LYNNE.

LADY ISABEL.....Miss ANNIE FIRMIN
ARCHIBALD CARLYLE.....MR. JOHN JACK

Wednesday Thursday and Friday, Performances at Salem and Albany.

Saturday Afternoon and Evening.

TWO GRAND PERFORMANCES
At Oro Fino Theater.

PRICES AS USUAL.

Reserved seats can be obtained at Morse's Palace of Art, First street without extra charge.

DANCING ACADEMY,
Brick Building,
Corner of Morrison and Second Streets.
Entrance on Second.

Classes—Monday and Thursday Evenings.
Children's Class—Saturday at 2 o'clock.
GOOD TEACHERS AND GOOD MUSIC.

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING.

REMOVAL.

TISDALE & ROBERTS

HAVE REMOVED TO THEIR

NEW & ELEGANT STORE

Cor. First and Alder Sts.,

Where they will be pleased to see the old and new customers.

THE

SEEK-NO-FURTHER

IS

New, Elegant and Stylish.

OUR

Merchant Tailoring
DEPARTMENT

Is supplied with the best and latest Styles of

ENGLISH GOODS

AND, OUR NEW FEATURE,

HATS.

Are the latest Importation.

We guarantee to sell our Stock

LOWER THAN EVER,

and shall aim to please our customers in every particular.

Advise your friends to visit the San Francisco Clothing Store, the Largest Store in the City, and the best Assortment.

CAPS AND OIL CLOTHING.

H. WOLF is the Sole Agent for the

STAR OIL CLOTHING.

Which is far superior to any in the market. Look out you get the "Star Brand" which he imports direct, and sells cheaper than the San Francisco trash. All my Goods Warranted.

H. WOLF,
Sole Agent Cape Ann Clothing.

HARRY WOLF,

Importer and Dealer in the Latest Styles of

Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Boots, Shoes,

Hats, Caps, Blankets, Trunks & Valises.

MANUFACTURE ALL OUR FLANNEL GOODS.

ALL KINDS OF RUBBER GOODS.

The only Agency on this Coast of the

GENUINE CAPE ANN OIL SKINS.

89 and 91 Front st., bet. Washington and Alder.

GOODS SOLD AT A VERY LOW RATE.

A. L. FRANCIS,

DEALER IN

Pianos and Organs.

The World Renowned

"WEBER,"

Which has no Equal.

The "Standard Organ,"

Most Beautiful in Design. Most Musical in Tones. Most Durable in Workmanship, as is also the

Grand Square Sherman & Hyde Piano,
The Store Piano and German Upright.

We keep no store and pay no rent, which enables us to sell at Prices and on Terms never before known. Address P. O. Box 235, Portland, Oregon. ja5dlm

BARBOUR'S THREAD,
Cotton Sein Twine and Rope

SUITABLE FOR SALMON NETS.

PAGE'S OARS,

Anchors, Tar, Pitch, Oakum, Tackle Blocks, Cordage,

And all kinds of

Boat Builders' Material

AT LOWEST RATES.

NORTHRUP & THOMPSON,

131 Front st., Portland, Or.

DR. J. B. PILKINGTON,
OCULIST AND AURIST,

Office, Bekum's Block.

Diseases of the EYE, EAR, THROAT and NOSE (particularly Chronic Nasal Catarrh) treated as specialties.

Prescriptions for the proper spectacles for relief of long, short or weak vision.

A fine stock of Artificial Eyes kept.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

MEERSCHAUM PIPES AND CIGAR HOLDERS, Warranted. Cutlery. Lowest Prices in town. Repairing done.

JOHN L. GEORGE,
First street, between Salmon and Main.

DR. WILSON'S

OFFICE REMOVED TO HIS NEW ROOMS AT his residence, B and Fourth streets, entrance on B street.

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.

CLARK & HENDERSON.

NEW HOLIDAY GOODS

Articles suitable for Christmas Presents in Immense Variety, from an Initial Lever Handkerchief,

TO AN

INDIA RUBBER SUIT.

In order to REDUCE OUR STOCK before the end of the year we have determined to

SACRIFICE PRICES

for the next three weeks so that every one will have an opportunity to invest to advantage.

Per "Eclipse" we received 3000 yards

CHECK WOOLENS

to be sold at 37½ cents per yard, by far the best in value we have ever sold.

For the convenience of our customers we will keep in future the

DOMESTIC PAPER PATTERNS,

a large Stock of which we have received this week.

CLARK & HENDERSON.

JUST RECEIVED

AT

CLARK & HENDERSON'S

NEW

HOLIDAY GOODS

Corner Second and First Streets,

A LARGE STOCK OF

DRESS GOODS.

In all the New Shades, at 25c per yd. and upwards.

FINE FRENCH BLACK CASHMERES, 40 in. wide, $1 per yd.

FINE FRENCH COLORED CASHMERES, in all the new shades, at reduced rates.

BLACK ALPACAS, 25c per yd. and upwards.

BLACK and COLORED EMPRESS CLOTHS.

A full Stock of Bleached and Brown SHEETINGS, in all widths.

COTTON and WOOL FLANNELS, at prices below competition.

WATER PROOFS, in Plaids and Plain colors, 75c to $1 25 per yd.

FELT SKIRTS, 75c and upwards.

COTTON and WOOL HOSIERY, all qualities.

A good quality Two-Button KID GLOVE, $1 00 per pair.

Best quality French Two-Button KID GLOVE, 1 50 per pair.

1000 Articles of FANCY GOODS, too numerous to mention.

Ladies' and Gents' FURNISHING GOODS, all prices.

We guarantee our Goods to be just as represented and we DEFY COMPETITION.

J. F. D. WRINKLE & CO.,
Cor. First and Salmon sts.

REMOVAL.

MRS. CHAS. TOZER'S

Novelty and Fancy Good Store

TO 106 FIRST STREET,
Between Morrison and Yamhill.

READ OUR PRICE LIST:

Ladies' Merino Vest and Drawers from 75 cts. upwards.
Woolen Jackets $1 00 and upwards.
Children's do. 75 cents.
Corsets, from 50c to $5 00.
Ladies' Muslin Underwear, Aprons, Pantalets, Lace Barbes, Cuffs and Ties.

And everything else in the Fancy Goods line sold at reduced rates.

N. B.—MASQUERADE COSTUMES for rent cheap, and a choice of MASKS for sale.

P. VAN FRIDAGH,

Dry Goods, Millinery, Notions.

A Complete Stock in Every Department of

Fall and Winter Style

LADIES' GENTLEMEN'S & CHILDREN'S UNDERCLOTHING.

Eastern and Shoalwater Bay Oysters,
IN EVERY STYLE.
AT
ALISKY & BEGELE'S
Premium Candy Factory,
No. 95 FIRST STREET.

JUST RECEIVED,
1500 lbs. Chisel Point
Galvanized Boat Nails.
Ladies' Boots and Boys' Skates
At NORTHRUP & THOMPSON'S.
d22dlm

H. R. LITTLEFIELD, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon
PORTLAND, OREGON.

Office—Rooms Nos. 1 and 3, Strowbridge Building, Corner First and Alder streets.
Residence, corner Seventh and College streets.
Office Hours, 9 to 12 A. M. and 2 to 5 and 6 to 8 P. M.

STOVES.

SOAP STONE STOVES.

A FEW OF THESE SUPERIOR STOVES, FOR sale by GEO. A. BERNETEY,
2p Second st., bet. Salmon and Taylor.

E. SEELIG. F. ZIMMERMAN.

E. SEELIG & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in
WINES AND LIQUORS!
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC CIGARS!
S. W. corner Second and Morrison streets.
Sole Agents for J. Vollmer's Old Kentucky Bourbon.

COLVILLE BARLEY,

FRESH FROM THE MILLS, FOR SALE IN lots to suit by
d18dlm ALLEN & LEWIS.

WANTED.

TWO BORROW $2,500, ON PRIME GOOD Real Estate security given. Address L. T., Oregon City, Or. ja5

WOMEN AND WOMEN MAKE FROM $5 to $15 per day selling our beautiful and popular GIFT BOMOS. If you want to make money do not fail to send $5 for one portfolio containing 22 large and quick selling Chromos. Largest variety in the world. F. BRUNSON, Jun'r, N. W. corner Kearny and Geary sts., San Francisco.
d1dlm&wlmsatly

TO LET.

TO RENT.

THE MARKET BUILDING 40 by 200 FEET ON Second and Ash streets, and extending from Front to First streets, can be leased on reasonable terms. For particulars see MORRISH & CORNELL, Real Estate and Loan Agents, corner of Front and Washington streets.

FOR RENT.

GOOD, VAUGHN'S RESIDENCE, FURNISHED complete, with Piano. Beautiful grounds surrounding the residence. Rent low. See DeLASHMUTT & OATMAN. d12dlm

FOR RENT.

SIX SUITS OF PARLOR FINISHED ROOMS ON the corner of Front and Washington streets, in Fire-proof building, from six to eight dollars per month, suitable for offices or private rooms. See DeLASHMUTT & OATMAN. d8dlm

TO RENT.

FIRST CLASS ROOMS TO RENT BY THE DAY or week, with the accommodation of the Parlors. Cor. Front and Ash sts.

FOR SALE.

BUILDING FOR SALE.

THE BLACKSMITH, WAGON AND PAINT SHOP building on the corner of Jefferson and Front streets, are for sale at a very low price, on a favorable lease of the ground to run till the 1st of 1879; also two spring wagons and one second hand shafts. Enquire of E. J. NORTHRUP, Assignee. ja5

FOR SALE.

SHIP REGENT, OF BOSTON, NOW LYING AT Astoria, 980 tons register, or 1,600 tons capacity, built in South Boston, 1860, of the best material, under French's inspection. Hard wood and classed A1, April, 1876 for four years; has two full suits of sails; new and running rigging in excellent order, and we count in everything. For further particulars apply to or address Captain R. P. Rowdon, Astoria, Oregon. ja5dlm

SALOON FOR SALE.

ON A PROMINENT CORNER ON FIRST ST., Will be sold reasonably. Appraised for room. Enquire at E. BARDY & CO.'S. ja3dlt

FOR SALE.

BEAUTIFUL AND LOCATED CITY LOTS, ON easy terms. Also three Acres adjoining on line of street car railway, all graded and sidewalked. Corner lots, $750; others, $600. Terms one-fourth down, balance one, two and three years at one per cent. per month. ARTHUR LARRIE, Portland. d26d m

FOR SALE.

THE STORE AND DWELLING NOW OCCUPIED by J. Beck, at Freeport, Coos county, W. T., together with the Stock and fixtures. A person with small capital can do a safe and profitable business at this place. 7daw m

FOR SALE.

IN LOWER COOS BAY, W. T., OYSTER BUILDING, Lot and Stock of Goods, Furnished and Stocked in Warehouse, at Marshfield Station, P. R. R. County Seat of Coos county. 320 acres of good Wild Bottom Land on Cowlitz river, very good groves of timber. 320 acres of Land 11 miles north of Chehalis Station. For particulars address or inquire of Messrs. C. M. REED & CO., Portland, Or., or GEO. J. ELDRIDGE, Claquato, Lewis Co., W. T.

BOOKBINDING.

REMOVED.

THE GOODNOW BANK HAS REMOVED TO ITS NEW Store on Front street, between Main and Salmon, where it has purchased a fine stock of Ladies', Misses' and Children's

BOOTS AND SHOES,

and intends to sell them at prices to suit the times. Owing to the large increase I am enjoying, enables me to sell Goods lower than ever before.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

I am also manufacturing Boots and Children's Work to order, and I make a specialty, and will warrant a first class boot and a PERFECT FIT or no sale. Give me a call.

EXPRESS & TRANSFER,
Foreign and Domestic
FURNITURE,
EXPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
ALL KINDS OF
STAPLE GROCERIES,
AND
CRATED CROCKERY.
AGENTS FOR THE FIRE CLAY
GRANITE IRON CHEMICAL PAINT.
NOS. 2 FRONT ST.,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

SMITH & ALLEN,

56 First Street, between Stark and Oak,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

Manufacturers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

HATS.

Gents', Youths' and Children's Hats,
Complete Stock of
Ladies', Misses' and Gentlemen's Furs,
In great variety for the coming season.
Also a fine Quality of
SEAL & PLUSH SACQUES,
A large Assortment of
FEATHERS AND RIBBONS.
Fine Assortment of
BUFFALO ROBES.
All of which will be sold at extremely LOW PRICES. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

STOVES & TINWARE

WE HAVE RECEIVED FROM HONOLULU, etc., the Following Plantations:

Kealia, Kahuku, Kahuku,
Ana, Hawaiian Mills.

Also, 200 cases of the best quality TABLE RICE, which we offer in lots to suit.
d2dlm ALLEN & LEWIS.

CARPETS, OILCLOTHS
Linoleums and Mattings,
Counting House Furniture,
AT THE CHEAP CASH STORE,
AT REDUCED RATES.
CRAFTS, GREEN & CO.,
201 FIRST STREET.
d20dlm

AUCTION!

I AM COMMANDED BY ESQUIRE BAY HORSE, good size, sound and a good driver, 6 years old.

ALSO,

BUGGY AND HARNESS.

Will be sold at

A. D. RICHARDSON'S
Salesrooms,
On WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1877,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,

Property of W. Whitcomb, to satisfy charges of Mill creek Ditch.

A. D. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

FOR BOOTS AND SHOES—Direct.

HAVE BEEN AWARDED
Diploma at the Centennial Exhibition, and commended by the Judges,
"Superior Strength and Durability of Special Construction."

A. T. GHIRARDELLI,
JERE. DOOLEY,
ALEX. ROSS,
Agents.

KITTLE & CO.,
Agents Portland.
d16dlm2p

COLLECT SCRIP, INDIAN WAR CLAIMS, ETC. Gen. New Orleans and Mexican Claims, Pensions, Pre-emption claims, Donation claims, Soldiers' Additional Homestead claims, Invalid Pensions for officers, soldiers, sailors, widows, minor children and their widows and children, Mexican Bounty Land Warrants, Indian depredation claims, Indian War claims, Soldiers' Additional Homestead claims, Pre-emption claims, Donation claims

The Oregonian.

MORNING, JANUARY 9, 1877.

CITY.

...Hook & ... Co.—The hook and ... with eight of Babcock's extin... belonging to East Portland ... H. & ... Co., arrived about two ... has been duly "housed" by the ... put in splendid condition for ... time last year a fire company ... in East Portland and the board ... ntemplated to purchase a steam fire ... the city others concluded to ... present outfit a new company ... The following are the officers ... sent day: T. J. Matlock, Presi... Safford, Foreman; A. ... Kirk, ...tant Treasurer; First Assist... Wadsworth; Second Assistant, ... Seaward, Jacob Anderson; ... Furgerson, W. S. Gordon, ...

...AFFAIRS.—A correspondent re... & C. R. R. car shops sends the ... employes of the O. & C. R. R. ... most enjoyable time at their ... Saturday evening last. The ... well represented and dancing ... till 12 o'clock. Songs and reci... under a late supper. But the ... of the occasion was each man's ... on the battle field, in the ... In fact the whole affair ... less spitting narratives and ... nothing passed off agreeably, ... save very that a spirit of frat... exists among those vari... the C. & C. R. R."

...hockey, which was started ... summer folks at the an... winter season, has con... quarry and is showing very ... last Friday even... ...Mrs. Bracket's, and ... exercises given would ... much older persons. ... must be mentioned the ... by Miss Clark and ... also a declamation in ... Sargent. For the musi... ...ame the Society is in... Lownsdale for her kind... the piano forte.

...From the records of the ... of Observation, Portland, ...

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
...	30.270	30.240	30.220
...	30.263	30.263	30.248
...	45	46	46
...	91	73	85
...	W.	S.	N.
...	2	2	2
...	Cloudy.	Cloudy.	Cloudy.
...			50°
...			38°

...Friday evening the boot ... R. Hoy, in East Portland, ... some half a dozen or ... turned off. Entrance was ... any entrance of the ... a hole through the ... which means they ... the boat. As a ... thieves left in the ... an old pair of worn ...

...regular meeting of ... the following officers were ... Dooley; First Lieu... Second Lieutenant, ... Sergeant, W. J. Daily; ... Geo. F. Manning; ... J. Ellis, Fourth Or... Canthy; Treasurer, M. ...mary, R. Failing; ...

...—At the annual ... of the Willamet... ...ng directors were re... ...ensing year, R. B. ... ...ew Jessee Logan. ... of the directors the ... re-elected, viz: R. B. ... Jno. Taylor, vice pres... ...ppointed, and P. ...

...M. Madeay, owner of ... ...ented a subscription ye... ...Fulton, which conveyed ... ...ed that that vessel had ... ...ing. No sickness nor ... ...the outward voyage. ... ...Gardelia made the ... ...Columbia to Hong... ...

...Jos. Oppenheimer, ... Oppenheimer & Acker... ...leave for California to ... ...ended at the residence ... on Sunday evening, and ... ...mpanied, at the close of ... ...addition to the gentle... ...given both a prosper...

...annual election of the ... Society took place last ... ...owing are the officers elect... ...R. B. Sinnott, presi... ...president; K. Moyna... ...Court, assistant secreta... ...urer; Jas. Kennedy, ...

...RECEPTION.—This ... officers of the vari... ...A. M., will be publicly in... ...Philharmonic hall. ... reception will take ... will be indulged in by ... ...ing.

...Prayer meeting at the ... ...day at 12 M. for one ... ...L. L. Acton. Subject ... ...upon the Univer... ...at the Baptist church ...

...—Company C, Oregon ... ...social party at their armo... ...remain, 17th inst. It will ...

...NOTES.

...day ...

...macadamized. ...

...ion and ball this evening. ...

...Harpe fenced a very open ...

...in the churches every ...

...part of sickness, Mr. J. L. ... to be at his post of duty. ...

...of Col. Joseph Teal, of this ... a life member of the ... of the city of San Francisco. ...

...of Oregon commanders ... regular will be held at their ... Temple this (Tuesday) eve...

...of Lines, Chaplain Collins ... ...ures on "John Quincy ... ...ever, according to an... ...do so next Wednesday ...

...Pythias installed their of... ...ers at Oregon City last ... ...ersmen of the order in ... ...train yesterday afternoon ...

...E COURTS.

...E COURT—DEADY, J.

MONDAY, Jan. 8, 1877.

...Hardtner, vs I. Sachs *et al*; ... ...ttled.

...UIT COURT—DEADY, J.

...A. C. Gibbs, Thos. R. McBride ... ...motion in this court.

...COURT NOTES.

...the following cases were ... ...g Adams J. Buckley, ...for drunk, $25; *John* ... ...dinger, drunk, $20; M. ... ...; Wm. Tennant, ... Buckley, drunk and ... language, $30.

...ers at Kohn's.

...Market—where you get the ... ...them.

DEMOCRATIC MASS MEETING.

DEMOCRACY OF PORTLAND INDIGNANT, SPEECHIFY AND RESOLUTE.

In obedience to the recommendation of the national and State Democratic central committees, that public mass meetings be held in the various counties of the different States on the 8th of January, 1877, for the purpose of discussing the political questions growing out of the present pending Presidential contest, a large number of our Democratic citizens assembled last evening at the court house.

The large court room was densely crowded, a large number of persons not being able to procure seats.

After several lively airs by the band, the meeting was called to order by Judge Wm. Strong.

Capt. J. R. Wiley moved that Hon. J. S. M. Van Cleave act as chairman of the meeting. Carried.

On assuming the chair, Mr. Van Cleave took occasion to return his thanks for the honor conferred. He stated that it was wholly superfluous to explain the object of the meeting, as all present doubtless were conversant with the same.

On motion J. J. Browne, Esq., was chosen secretary, and A. Noltner, assistant secretary. Mr. Browne not being present, Judge Page moved that Mr. Noltner act as secretary of the meeting, and Capt. J. R. Wiley, assistant secretary. Carried.

Ex-Gov. Curry moved that a committee of five persons be appointed to prepare resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting. The motion prevailed, and the following persons were appointed by the meeting as such committee: S. Pennoyer, Geo. L. Curry, W. W. Thayer, W. F. Trimble and P. G. Stewart.

The committee then retired to draft resolutions.

Calls were made for Judge Wm. Strong, who came forward and addressed the meeting for some time. His remarks were tempered with moderation, and his voice was most decidedly for peace. He deprecated violence in any event; but insisted most strenuously upon having a "fair deal." He charged gross and flagrant frauds on the part of the returning boards. It was no time now to order a new election. If Hayes was fairly and legally elected, even by only one electoral vote, the speaker was in favor of his being inaugurated. If Tilden was the choice of the people, then he should be inaugurated at all events. The people must be convinced that either one or the other of the candidates was fairly elected. They must be convinced beyond question that no unfair means have been employed. There must be a fair, impartial count, and the people do not propose to be "cheated" out of their rights. There must be no attempt to defeat the manifest choice of the people. He hoped that these difficulties would all be amicably settled. We have experienced the horrors of civil war. We all know what a train of evils follow in the train of war. He had confidence that there would be no trouble. But as much as he deprecated a resort to arms, he thought it would be preferable to have war rather than to tamely and silently submit to the inauguration of Mr. Hayes, when it was known that his majority was secured through foul means. It was said that Democrats would not fight; that they have had war enough. He hoped that the question would never be put to the issue; but it was not best to try them. (Here a voice was heard from the audience saying, "Yes, they will fight, too.") The speaker then turned his attention to the recent electoral muddle in Oregon, arguing at some length that Grover's action was sustained by law and precedent. Judge Strong closed his remarks by expressing the confident hope and belief that the perplexing questions would be adjusted without violence and without bloodshed. Tilden is legally and fairly elected President of the United States, and he felt convinced that he would be peacefully inducted into office on the 4th of next March.

Col. W. H. Effinger was the next speaker. He proceeded to argue the legal features of the Presidential question at considerable length, and denounced in the most acrimonious terms the action of the returning boards. Their action he declared was revolutionary and subversive of the rights of the people. It was a deliberate and studied attempt to wrest from the people their chartered and guaranteed rights, for the sole purpose of perpetuating in power the present administration. He thought that the party who had power enough to elect the President and the power to seat him inaugurated. He did not like to speak of the unhappy results which would inevitably follow an attempt to inaugurate a President who had been elected by gross, palpable and outrageous frauds. If at last an appeal was made to arms, it would be a sad calamity to the republic. He deprecated war; the country had already suffered enough from its devastating hand. But he wished it to be distinctly understood that the people could not and would not tamely submit to such an outrage. They would stand upon their constitutional rights at any and all hazards. After all, the speaker said he had strong hopes that there was a conservative element in the country—a slumbering power—which would rise in the emergency above party dictation and party behests, and see that the people should not have this great and threatened wrong forced upon this nation. The remarks of Mr. Effinger were very enthusiastically received.

PREAMBLE AND RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Pennoyer, chairman of the committee on resolutions, offered the following, which were adopted without a dissenting voice:

WHEREAS, It is the publicly belief that on the 7th day of November last, Samuel J. Tilden was fairly and honestly elected President of the United States by a majority of the electoral votes of the several States, and a very large majority of the popular vote of all the States; and

WHEREAS, It appears to be the plan and purpose of certain partisan leaders, through the aid of the super-serviceable Grant administration, to ignore the will of the people, and destroy the purity of the ballot box, by substituting therefor in certain States the indefensible action of partisan and corrupt returning boards, and so determining that another person than Samuel J. Tilden, to wit, Rutherford B. Hayes, shall be declared elected and inaugurated President, therefore

Resolved, That we, a part of the Democracy of Oregon, speaking for ourselves, make deliberate declaration that the inauguration of Hayes as President of the United States, under such circumstances, would be a high handed outrage, subversive of the rights of the people, destructive of the principles of popular government, and ought to be resisted.

Resolved, That living as we do in a government of laws based upon a plain written constitution, our only safety as a free people is in strict obedience to each and every one of its requirements and restrictions; that the violation of the least of these restrictions is dangerous, revolutionary and treasonable, and will serve as a pretext and precedent for further violation, thus undermining and overthrowing the choicest bulwark of American freedom; and that therefore we do declare we have witnessed with sorrow the attitude of our Republican branch of this State, who have, with a few honorable exceptions, plainly shown their defiance of that great charter of our liberties, by demanding that a person clearly published by it from holding the office of elector should also hold and exercise the duties of that office (although endeavoring to evade such inhibition by the silly subterfuge of a resignation and reappointment), and we affectionately warn them that such flagrant disregard of constitutional law is the precursor of open, illimitable treason, which, if not checked at once, will ripen its bitter fruit and receive its justly merited and most condign punishment.

Resolved, That we will calmly and patiently await the Congressional action upon the reports of those committees who have in charge the matters pertaining to the recent President election, with the hope that the conclusions reached may be in the interest of truth and justice, and the success of right against wrong, for we can not and will not tamely submit to the surrender of the administration of the general government to a party who seek success through the action of rascally returning boards and who endeavor to keep themselves in power by fraud and force—those twin instruments of knaves and tyrants.

Resolved, That the thanks of the people of the whole Union are due to Lafayette Grover, Governor of Oregon, for the strict discharge of his sworn duty in refusing to grant a certificate of election to a person ineligible under the constitution of his country, and in granting certificates to the three eligible electors having the largest number of votes; that our Republican friends of Oregon are alone responsible for the loss of an electoral vote in this State, by their own ignorant or willful disregard of a specific constitutional inhibition, and that a sense of decent self-respect should prevent them from condemning Governor Grover for a result, caused by their own ignorant or willful defiance of constitutional law, and we do further declare and demand that Congress shall recognize only, as is its duty, the regular certified electoral vote of Oregon, cast upon the certificates of the Governor and in the clear pursuance of all the forms and requirements of the law.

The meeting then adjourned.

Every lady says the neatest made, most perfect fitting and cheapest underwear, wrappers, infant's dresses, slips, etc., are at Mrs. Warner's.

For boy's clothing at cost go to Kohn's corner First and Morrison streets.

The only Fabre—now at *Chateau de Versailles*, Second street, near Morrison.

Dr. Halpruner is again able to be in his office from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Persons can have their corns treated as usual.

AMUSEMENTS.

DRAMATIC.—Oro Fino Theater was fairly patronized last evening, "Under the Gaslight" being presented. The play was enthusiastically received. To-night "East Lynne" will be performed. The company play at Salem and Albany on Wednesday and Thursday evenings.

THE OPERA—"MARTHA."—The initial performance of this beautiful opera was sufficient to guarantee a full house, and such was certainly the case last night. The company never appeared to better advantage and gave more satisfaction than on this occasion. Miss Winston carried off the honors; her singing of the "Last Rose of Summer," always popular, was greeted with long and rapturous applause, the lady being obliged to sing twice before the large and appreciative audience could be satisfied. Mr. Bracy sang better last evening than we have heretofore observed. Miss Thompson gave evidence of having fully recovered from her late illness, and sang as well as ever, though not having as much to do as usual. Messrs. Farley & Bell were, as usual, at home in their respective parts. The opera gave perfect satisfaction and should be repeated. "La Perichole" to-night, and, by request, "Martina" Wednesday evening.

NEW BOOKS.

The following new books have just been received and added to the Portland Library:

Joshua Haggard's Daughter; a novel; by Miss M. E. Braddon.

Shadows on the Snow; a novel; by B. L. Farjeon.

Linked Lives; a novel; by Lucy Gertrude Douglas.

From Dreams to Waking; a novel; by E. Lynn Linton.

Mystic London, or Phases of Occult Life in the British Metropolis; by Charles Maurice Davies.

Frank Nelson in the Forecastle, or the Sportsman's Club among the Whalers; by Harry Castlemon.

Snowed Up, or the Sportsman's Club in the Mountains; by Harry Castlemon.

The Morals of Trade; Two Lectures: 1, An Inquiry into the Actual Morality of Trade; 2, An Inquiry into the Causes of the Existing Demoralization and the Remedies therefor; given in the Anthon Memorial Church, New York, by F. Heber Newton.

Ye Outside Fools, Glimpses Ins de the London Stock Exchange; by Erasmus Pinto, Broker.

The Book of Bible Words, being a Complete List of all the Words in the Bible Accented for Pronunciation.

A Yacht Voyage: Letters from High Latitudes, being some account of a voyage in 1860 in the schooner yacht *Foam* to Iceland, Jan Mayew and Spitzbergen; by Lord Dufferin.

Barton Experiment; by John Habberton, author of "Helen's Babies."

Impressions and Reminiscences of George Sand.

Harold, a drama; by Alfred Tennyson.

MILITARY NOTES.

Col. Cuvier Grover, 1st Cavalry, is appointed to act as inspector on certain quartermaster's stores at Fort Walla Walla, W. T., for which 1st Lieut. Frank K. Upham, 1st Cavalry, is accountable; also as inspector on certain medical and hospital property; also on certain ordnance and ordnance stores, quartermaster's stores, and camp and garrison equipage, and on certain ordnance stores, quartermaster's stores, and camp and garrison equipage.

A board of survey, consisting of Capt. Evan Miles, 21st Infantry, 1st Lieut. Henry J. Pierce, 21st Infantry, 2d Lieut. Edward B. Farrow, 21st Infantry, assembled at Vancouver Depot, W. T., Monday, Jan. 8, 1877, at 10 o'clock A. M., to examine and report upon a quantity of damaged and obsolete clothing, camp and garrison equipage, which has been turned into the Depot from time to time as unfit for issue from the several posts in the department.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Recollect the sale by A. B. Richardson on Thursday.

Mrs. L. B. Seavier has re-established her millinery rooms on Washington street, near Fifth, and will be pleased to see the ladies.

THE TERRITORIES.

The *Mining Review* of Denver says: "Montana is credited with a total production of between $60,000,000 and $70,000,000 in gold dust since 1862."

Geo. Hammond and D. C. Thomson ran a foot race at Helena, Montana, last week, for $2,000 a side; distance 100 yards; time, 10½ seconds. Hammond won.

The Ogden *Freeman* says that nearly all the Mormons have left Franklin, Idaho, and are building a settlement in Utah, just south of the line, so as to evade the prosecutions of their ungodly neighbors." The "ungodly neighbors" referred to are grossly grand jurors.

At Deadwood, Dakota, last week, Dick Brown, banjoist, shot and killed Ed. Shaughnessy, an ex-baggage master, saloon keeper and show man. The trouble arose over a girl of the period, "Fannie Garretson. Mr. S. some time ago went to the Black Hills, leaving his "wife," the Fannie, at Cheyenne, where she saw and loved Dick Brown, with whom she went to Deadwood. The two "husbands" collided, and the result was the death of S.

Overcoats and ulsters at Kohn's.

Captains and pilots will note the fact that Peter Wilhelm has fitted up two rooms for their especial use at the Fountain, corner Ash and First streets. English papers on file, and everything cosy.

Mrs. B. A. Owens, M.D., Office and residence, east side First street, between Yamhill and Taylor. Special attention given to Women and Children complaints. Also gives Medicated Vapor Baths, combined with Electricity, in treating Rheumatism and Chronic Diseases.

Ireland is progressing. The bankers there ascribe it to the introduction of Noble Whisky and withdrawal of the old-time Irish whisky. See account at Millard & VanSchuyver's, 89 Front street, sole agents Cyrus Noble Whisky.

FINFEN'S HAVANA CIGAR STORE,

Opposite Strowbridge's Block, has on hand and for sale a large assortment of fine Cigars, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco the best, cheapest and largest assortment in the city. Call, judge for yourself, and be convinced that I give more satisfaction for your money than any other retail store here.

98 FIRST STREET.

CHAS. E. BRAY,

Professor of Music,

Teacher of the Piano, Violin, Guitar and Cornet.

Leave orders at SHERMAN & HYDE'S, or at residence, cor. Fourth and Morrison streets.

OMNES PROSINT.

WM. PFUNDER,

APOTHECARY & CHEMIST,

Ankeny's New Market Theater Block

Portland, Oregon.

Pure Drugs, Chemicals and Medicines.

NOTICE.

The undersigned in taking leave of Portland returns his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage that has been bestowed, and would bespeak for his successors a continuance of the same.

Both DRS. BARBER & NICKLIN, are gentlemen in every way competent and worthy of any confidence that may be placed in them, and as such I can conscientiously recommend them to my former friends and patrons. J. H. HATCH.

A. L. FRANCIS,

Dealer in

PIANO AND ORGANS,

Portland, Oregon,

Extra Inducements Offered.

First-class Instruments Sold on Installments, at Greatly Reduced Prices. Old ones taken for part payment. Will visit all parts of the State and Washington Territory.

Pianos and Organs Tuned and Repaired

Address P. O Box 233.

PLEASE OBSERVE.

I WILL AGAIN SAY TO THE GENTLEMEN OF Portland, that I am now residing on the corner of Fifth and Stark streets, and am very desirous to obtain six or eight Boarders. Will guarantee to give them as good a Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner as can be obtained elsewhere in the city, and at reasonable rates.

MRS. J. M. EDGAR.

ja5d6t

LOST.

A LETTER MAILED FROM BAKER CITY Nov. 24th, 1876, which contained besides some currency, two Notes, one drawn by S. A. Manning in favor of G. L. Manning for $348.50 dated April 22, 1876, the other drawn Nov. 24, 1876, by G. L. Manning, in favor of S. A. Manning for the sum of $64. Payment on the above notes has been stopped. The person into whose possession they may fall will please send to S. A. MANNING, Oregonian Office. ja4d2tw1t

CAPITAL NOTES.

Under date of January 8, our correspondent sends the following:

Weather perfectly charming.

Geo. W. Boyd read the services in the Episcopal church on Sunday last.

Rumors are rife of the establishment of a new banking house in this city.

Several inmates of the "Orphan's Home," in this city, are down with the diphtheria.

Seven ladies are attending the course of medical lectures at the Willamette University.

The newly elected city officers have qualified and assumed their various responsible positions.

J. N. Reynolds has assumed control of the *Statesman* routes in this city, vice F. M. McCully, resigned.

The Capital Mining Company are disposing of large quantities of their stock here and elsewhere in the State.

M. G. Harbord and Thos. Hudman have formed a copartnership for the manufacture of washing machines in this city.

The week of prayer, which commences today, will be generally observed by the churches in this city, services in several of them being held every evening.

A. Bush, Esq., has been subpœaed to appear at Washington to testify in the Oregon election case. It is highly probable others will be summoned.

Mrs. Orrin Savage, "Aunt Martha," was presented with an elegant set of glassware, wall brackets and paper holders, by her young Salem friends, on New Year's day.

T. B. Rickey, Esq., has just received some very rich specimens of quartz from the Lucky Queen ledge, and stockholders hereabouts are anxiously awaiting the first "clean up."

Six students of the Willamette University were suspended this morning, charged with the wanton destruction of school property. The boys claim there are two sides to the story.

D. W. Prentice of your city has been stopping at the Chemeketa Hotel for several days past, and he has disposed of two organs, one to Jno. Holman and another to E. N. Gillingham.

A ball masque at the Chemeketa is talked of among the terpsichorean devotees of this city. Let us have it by all means, at an early day, as something of the kind is wanted to stir us up a little.

R. A. Price has been reappointed street commissioner by the city council, Wm. Cox policeman, and Seth R. Hammer, city surveyor. They are all considered excellent selections.

Reed & Cox, the well known real estate and insurance agents of this city, have recently opened a stock board and will hereafter negotiate for the purchase and sale of Oregon mining stocks.

H. A. Johnson, Esq., is acting county treasurer during the absence of A. P. Wheeler, Esq., who is telling what he knows about the Oregon electoral vote before the Senate committee at Washington.

The ladies of the capital have in many instances commenced work in their flower gardens, imagining, no doubt, spring is at hand. We trust their botanical efforts will not be "nipped in the bud."

We hail with pleasure the report that the Sawtelle Theatrical Troupe are negotiating for Reed's Opera House in this city, preparatory to opening a short season. They will undoubtedly draw good houses.

Miss Bertie Myers, daughter of Rev. A. Myers, formerly of this city, is reported as among the killed in the Ohio railway catastrophe. She was the center of a large circle of friends here and elsewhere.

The report that a well known Salem gentleman disposed of several glasses of "float" while making New Year's calls under the impression it was "egg nogg" is authoritatively acknowledged by responsible parties.

The following officers of the Congregational Church have been elected to serve during the ensuing year: C. M. Parmenter, W. H. Adair, and Andy T. Gilbert, Trustees; Colonel Thos. H. Cann, Clerk, and A. B. Cospe, Treasurer.

The choirs of the Presbyterian and Congregational churches yesterday evening sang that beautiful requiem entitled "He is Gone," in memory of P. P. Bliss, the composer who was killed in the recent railway disaster near Ashtabula, Ohio.

Miles M. Miller, of the Salem gas works, and our city treasurer, has gone to San Francisco on a business trip. His brother "Ike" will represent him at the gas works, and Maj. George Williams acts as deputy city treasurer during his absence.

The following is the list of officers of the Presbyterian Sabbath School for the ensuing year: A. W. Crawford, Superintendent; J. B. Forsythe, Assistant; J. H. Albert, Treasurer; F. D. McDowell, Secretary; J. A. Patterson, Chorister, and Misses Ella Wright and Helen Hinsdale, Organists.

Rev. P. S. Knight, of the Congregational church, commenced last evening a course of five lectures on "Life," the first considered as a journey, the second as a playground, the third as a workshop, the fourth as a battlefield, and the fifth as a school. They promise to be exceedingly interesting.

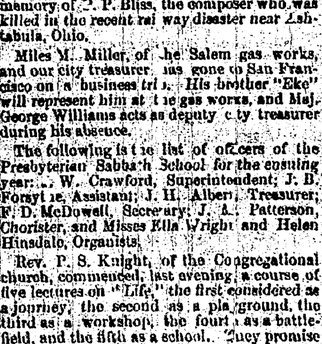
The diphtheria is raging very extensively in Salem at the present time. Scarcely a day passes but one, and sometimes more, of loved little ones are borne to their last resting places in the Odd Fellows' cemetery. Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Martin and Mr and Mrs. R. M. Wade have buried over once during the past week.

The ladies of the Episcopal Church of this city have recently overhauled the church edifice, laid new carpets, upholstered the pews, whitewashed and otherwise renovated the building. The Guild have had the matter in hand and certainly deserve great credit for their enterprise. By the way, we learn incidentally that a parlor entertainment is on the carpet for the benefit of the society, of which more anon.

The following officers were elected at the M. E. Sunday school yesterday to serve during the ensuing year: T. M. Patch, sup't; P. L. Hatch, asst.; Mrs. A. A. McCully, female sup't; F. D McDowell, secy.; Miss Teresa Holderness, treas.; Miss Marie B. Smith, Lib.; J. D. McCully, asst. Lib.; M. L. Chamberlin, chorister; Mrs. L. M. Nickerson, asst. chorister; Miss Teresa Holderness, organist; Miss Stella Cunningham, asst. organist.

The People Want Proof.

There is no medicine prescribed by physicians or sold by druggists, that carries such evidence of its success and superior virtues as BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP for severe Coughs, Colds settled on the breast, Consumption, or any disease of the Throat and Lungs. A proof of that fact is that any person afflicted, can get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents and try its superior effect before buying the regular size at 75 cents. It has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wonderful cures are astonishing everyone that use it. Three doses will relieve any case. Try it. Agents, Crane & Brigham, Wholesale Druggists, San Francisco.



Agents for the New Pacific Coast.

12 FRONT STREET,

Jobbers & Wholesale Dealers

IN

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

A Very Large Assortment

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Branch House of LIVINGSTON & CO., San Francisco.

NOTES FROM ALBANY.

Our regular correspondent, under date of Jan. 8th, sends the following:

Union prayer meetings this week.

Carpenters in this place are very busy.

The weather is warm and spring-like.

There are some cases of diphtheria in our city.

Mrs. Henderson will open a select school today in our city.

A series of meetings to be held in the M. E. church next week.

Craft's large, new furniture establishment looks very city like.

Not few empty houses in this place, which speaks well for its thrift.

A new fire bell, of 900 pounds weight, just received, and ready for use.

It is rumored that two large grist mills are to go up in this place next season.

It is hoped that our city will establish regular police on our streets day and night.

One of Smith's large dray horses slipped and fell against a post and died in five minutes.

It is greatly desired that our city fathers light up this place with oil at night, if gas cannot be had.

Judges Piper and Miller, of this city, were admitted last week to practice in the supreme court of this State.

All the schools of this place are in a very prosperous condition, and especially the Albany Collegiate Institute.

Some reckless creature placed a quantity of arsenic in the sump at the court house, last Saturday, while it was discovered timely.

The fact that the N. P. R. R. is to be finished within the next eight years, will give a fresh impetus to business in this great northwest.

A remonstrance against the petition to commute the death sentence of R. Niel, now in prison in this city, has been very extensively signed by our citizens.

Mr. Fronk, formerly of Portland, and now proprietor of the Albany hotel, looks after the comfort of all who call on him. Indeed, that is the place to get the worth of your money.

J. H. BATCHER

Will give the best references in the city as Teacher of

VIOLIN, PIANO & ORGAN.

Northwestern Brass and String Band

Plays the Latest and Best Music.

Prof. PARRISH.....Promotor.

Office—At GRAY'S Music Store. n dam

GEO. H. CHANCE. 13 WEEKS.

CHANCE & WELCH,

Dentists,

OFFICE—FIRST STREET,

(Odd Fellows' Temple.)

Hassalo Lodge No. 16, I. O. O. F.

Meets every Friday evening at 7½ o'clock, in Odd Fellows' Temple, corner First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of W. G.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

"Truth is stranger than Fiction"

I LEAVE THE

FINEST ASSORTED STOCK

OF

WATCHES,

DIAMONDS,

JEWELRY

AND

SILVER WARE

To be found in the City of Portland, and an examination will prove my assertion.

I AM NOT GOING TO REMOVE,

But remain at my OLD STAND, and shall

Sell at Prices in keeping with the Times,

As they were boun-h for Lois

HOLIDAY TRADE

Are those wishing to purchase any article in my line will be benefited in giving me a call.

L. C. HENRICHSEN,

No. 109 FIRST STREET.

NOTED ADDRESSES TO-DAY.

SOL'S RESTAURANT!

THE BEST ON THE PACIFIC COAST AND THE only one in Portland with

Four Elegant Parlors Attached

For the use of Families and Private Parties.

Whatever Delicacies the market affords will be found at this place. Ladies will find it the most convenient place to lunch while out shopping, where they will have the most polite attention.

Eastern Oysters a Specialty.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE THE RESTAURANT connected with this House will be conducted by the Proprietors.

Nothing will be left undone to make guests feel at home, and by strict attention to business we hope to continue the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on this popular House.

Free Coach to and from the House.

S. D. SMITH & THOMAS SHEA, Proprietors.

REMOVED

To FIRST STREET, opposite Odd Fellows' Hall,

WILSON & WALTER'S

PIONEER CHOP HOUSE.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

THE BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.

Private Rooms for Ladies, Gentlemen or Parties Orders out of the house promptly attended to

---

METROPOLIS HOTEL,

Corner First and Ash Streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED, FORMERLY OF THE Multnomah House, having repainted and refurnished the above named Hotel, is now ready to accommodate the public in a satisfactory manner at the following rates:

Board and Lodging, per week	$5 50
Board per week	4 50
Board and Lodging, per day	1 00

The Table will always be supplied with the best the market affords.

JOHN SCHADE, Proprietor.

THE OXFORD OYSTER SALOON,

Oak Street, 2d door west of Neppach's Drug Store.

WITH SEVERAL YEARS EXPERIENCE IN the business the undersigned warrant their numerous friends an excellent bill of

Shoalwater Bay or Eastern Oysters

prepared in every style known to epicureans.

We are prepared to supply Oysters in any quantity. WALLER & SON.

EASTERN OYSTERS by every Steamer.

St. Charles Hotel Restaurant,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

A. J. FLEURON.....PROPRIETOR.

THE DINING HALL

Has been removed to the Ground Floor—a Private stairway from the Ladies' parlor leading thereto.

It has been determined to spare no pains in making it

The Best Restaurant in the City.

Free Coach to and from the House.

Now is the time to Subscribe for

THE WEST SHORE

OREGON'S HANDSOME ILLUSTRATED PAPER!

80 Pages the coming year, with over 150 Engravings of Oregon and Washington Territory Scenes, for $1.50 per annum. A most excellent Family Journal, and just the thing to send to friends abroad.

The January Edition is a mammoth Paper containing a vast amount of statistics about the Resources and Commerce of the Pacific Northwest, and over 60 beautiful Engravings of Public Buildings and Scenery in Oregon, Washington and British Columbia. It is got up at a cost of over $2000 and is the largest and most expensive paper ever published on the Pacific Coast. This number will be sent free of charge to all regular subscribers, or for 50 cts. per copy to non-subscribers.

L. SAMUEL, Publisher,

3 Washington Street, Portland, Oregon.

Remittances from the interior can be made by order on any of the Portland Business Houses, or by registered letter at our risk.

Repeated and astonishing Victories for

THE

WHEELER & WILSON

HAS TAKEN THE TWO HIGHEST MEDALS AND TWO DIPLOMAS AT THE CENtennial Exposition—the Gold Medal at the California State Fair—The First Premium at each of the County Fairs in California—The Three Medals at the Oregon State Fair, given for the Best Family Sewing Machine, Best Manufacturing Machine, and Best Series of Samples—First Premium at the Washington Territorial Fair—First Premium at Walla Walla—First Premium at Hillsboro and First Premium at Union county Fair.

See the Machine for yourself, and believe not opposing Agents who try to make the public believe the effects of the old Wheeler & Wilson are at the present time, by a little—Plate level with the Table, and patent Self-Setter, preventing the work from being pulled by the dropping of oil down the needle bar.

Send Orders to WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO., 86 Third Street, Portland.

JOHN W. GOBERT,

Salem, Oregon,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Boots, Shoes, Shoe Findings, Harness, TANNING, BELTING and SHOE LEATHER.

Full line of American Calf Skins, Upper and Sole Leather, Morocco, Linings, Etc.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES AND FURS.

SMITH BROS' IRON & BRASS WORKS

Second Front Street, between Harrison and Hall,

A Fireproof Building formerly occupied by the Oregon Steam Navigation Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Engines, Saw Mill, Grist Mill and Planing Machinery, Iron and Brass Castings, Forgings and Pattern Making.

MACHINERY of all kinds made to order on short notice.

WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS,

Incorporated September 4, 1868.

CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND "B" STREET

P. F. BURGE, Secretary.....R. R. THOMPSON, President.....PETER TAYLOR, Vice President.

Iron and Brass Founders, Boiler Makers, General Machinists And Engine Builders,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Steam and Low Pressure Marine and Stationary Boilers and Engines; Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Quartz, Planing and Shingle Machines, Pumps, Brass Work, etc.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated HOOKER & JAMES' Patent Centrifugal Steam Pump, adapted for use in Mines, Breweries, Distilleries, Sugar Refineries, Steamboats, Etc.

Orders for MACHINERY AND BOILERS promptly executed, and forwarded with the utmost dispatch.

Constantly on hand a large and different stock of PATTERNS made of the best material, and by the most skilful workmen.

Orders for Machinery and Castings of any description, not in stock, filled on the shortest notice, and warranted to be of the best material and workmanship.

Special attention given to the Preparation and Procuring of Patents for Machinery and Inventions. Persons having Inventions to be Patented, or Patents to be Purchased, can have the same attended to by addressing the Willamette Iron Works, Portland, Oregon.

JAMES LOTAN, Superintendent.

P. Coulter, Pres. N. Y. Sec. Wm. Rankin, Treas. Pittsburgh. A. Coulter, Vice Pres. Pittsburgh.

COULTER & STEWART,

51 and 53 Front Street, cor. Taylor, Portland.

Importers and Dealers in

STOVES, TINWARE AND METALS.

Tinners, Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated

FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS,

HYDRAULIC RAMS, Iron and Lead Pipe, Brass Goods, House Furnishing Hardware, Stove Linings and Wire Goods, Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers, And the Excelsior Reliable Refrigerator.

SALOONS.

CARONI'S,

Morrison Street, b. First and Second.

ALES, WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

of the best quality, always on hand.

WELCOME TO ALL KINDS,

Attention to order. G. FRANZ.

STEAM BOOM,

and Lager Saloon

PIONEER

AT THE

GAMBRINUS,

FIRST & FIRE STREETS.

BAVARIAN HALL

Wines, Liquors and Lager Beer

Best Lunch and Liquors,

Always to Order. Call and see me.

ADAM SOHN,

Oro Fino Building.

LIVERY AND HACK STABLES.

OREGON TRANSFER COMPANY

OFFICE AT BRAY & HACK STABLES,

S. W. Corner of Second and Stark Streets.

All business entrusted to us will be executed with care and dispatch.

ORDERS FOR HACKS PROMPTLY ATTENDED to, Day or Night.

H. K. CORBETT'S

Livery, Hack & Feed Stables

(Late Pagon),

COR. SECOND AND TAYLOR STREETS.

Reliable Horses for Hire. Fine Stylish Turnouts for the Country always on hand.

Orders for Hacks Promptly Attended to DAY OR NIGHT.

J. NIMMON & CO.,

44 Front Street,

Dealers in

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS,

German, French and American

WINDOW GLASS,

Crystal Plate, Bluestone, Stained and Cut GLASS, all Sizes of

LOOKING GLASS.

Glazing done to order, at San Francisco Prices, and satisfaction guaranteed.

DAWSON, MANUFACTURER OF PENCILS, ETC.

40 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

CHAS. LOUIS KOHN,

Cor. Third and A streets, Portland, P. O. Box 135

DEALER IN BILLIARDS AND BILLIARD Goods of all descriptions. Agent for the J. M. Brunswick & Balke Co. Standard Cloverly Billiard, Pocket and Combination Tables, etc., etc.

DR. WM. KOEHLER,

Dentist,

ROOMS—Over Bank of British Columbia, Portland, Oregon.

DENTAL ROOMS—First street, bet. Morrison and Yamhill, Monnastes' Block, Portland, O. ja1d1m

The Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 9, 1877.

TERMS OF THE OREGONIAN.

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Address OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO., Portland, Oregon.

THE COUNT OF THE ELECTORAL VOTE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

A vast amount of acrimonious discussion is now going on as to how the electoral votes for President and Vice-President shall be counted. Article XII. of the amendments to the Federal Constitution (and in the the matter under consideration it does not alter Art. II. of the original) would seem to settle the question in very plain and unambiguous language. Having provided that the sealed returns from each electoral college shall be directed to the President of the United States Senate, it goes on—"the President of the Senate shall, *in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives*, open all certificates and the votes shall be counted." Clearly the words "all certificates" mean certificates from "all the States," and though there might have been room for argument in the event of two certificates from any State being presented, who should determine which should be received, the whole claim seems to rest upon some implied power in the House of Representatives to pass upon the validity of returns, to reject such as they see fit, and set aside the electors.

The present *status* of the question hinges entirely upon the meaning of the word "presence." Indeed, I take argument in favor of the monomaniac claim that the House of Representatives can declare there has been no election, and proceed to elect Tilden President, based upon the assumption that the House must be regulated to be "present" to give validity to the count, power in making the choice of President and Vice-President as a accident. This assumption is entirely unwarranted by the law text, by colemporaneous action by the steady current of precedents derivable from the manner in which every Presidential election has been conducted since the adoption of the constitution. There is but one case where the House of Representatives has such power. The constitution placed the election of the President and Vice-President with the States, and where several candidates have received electors, votes, and no one candidate has the majority of all the electoral votes, then the House, voting by States, must, from *the three candidates with the highest number of votes*, elect one of the number President. No such case is probable in the late Presidential election. Only two candidates received electoral votes, as in one of those two has been elected. To be present at the announcement of the result of last election is the *only* constitutional right of the present House of Representatives—it has no authority whatever to make a President, nor to sit in judgment on the result of that election. If it were otherwise, and the House of Representatives could rightfully protest against any return, empower to reject and thereby affect the result of an election, it follows that it possessed the power to reject any election by the people or either the State electoral colleges. As a necessary consequence a session House elected two years before the Presidential election occurred can "actional" declare the election of the President in the manner prescribed by the Constitution. It follows that it is possible that such a power was ever intended to be lodged with either branch of Congress. A self-same absurd to claim that the House is to be "present" would be to say that the Senate must be present. I have meant that there need be no difficulty. No word in the English language is of more interpretation, and there is no expression is better happily adapted to the purposes of a person in a particular position. The Constitution rendered the presence of the two Houses necessary at the opening of the electoral votes, the act of the second Wednesday of February, the counting of the votes, the time for such proceeding of the Article having also been previously fixed and

Congress only in session on the second Wednesday of February, as the act above recited, so requirement in their presence the certificates as they open the votes counted, and declared by the president of the Senate. They are the witnesses before whom the vote is counted by that officer, from the seal having received and opened by him. That witnessing gives dignity to the formal declaration of the nation's choice of its chief magistrate. That presence is the guarantee that the count of the Senate has faithfully performed this duty, but the sealed lists of the votes of the various States colleges received by the constitution's designated canvasser have not been tampered with; that the count has been proceeded with conformable to the constitution and law. He and he alone in the presence of the members of the National Legislature makes that canvass and announces the result.

While we see no ambiguity in this article, we must confess to serious, logically contemporaneous history of the day to the Fathers who framed that form of language and incorporated it into the constitution. On the 17th of September, 1787, immediately after the adjournment of the Federal Convention, provisions were being made for the execution of that instrument as it should be ratified by the States. On this day on motion of Mr. Johnson of Connecticut, it was resolved among other things (See Journal of Congress, vol. iv., p. 781,) "that the Senators and Representatives elected by the legislatures of the States should assemble at the time and place assigned by the Congress of the Confederation for the first meeting of the Congress of the United States, and that the electors should appointed in the several States for the sole purpose of receiving, sealing and transmitting their votes for President." The Secretary of the Federal convention, who had been returned as members of that Congress. On the 6th of April, 1789, a quorum of Congress had appeared. The journal of that day has as follows: (See Annals Congress, vol. 1, p. 16, 17.)

MONDAY, April 6.

"The credentials of the members present being read and ordered to be filed, the Senate proceeded, by ballot, to the choice of a President for the sole purpose of opening and counting the votes of the President of the United States, John Langdon was elected.

"Ordered, That Mr. Ellsworth inform the House of Representatives that a quorum of the Senate is formed; that a President is elected for the sole purpose of opening the said votes and counting the votes of the electors of the several States in the choice of a President and Vice President of the United States; and that the Senate is now ready, in the Senate Chamber, to proceed, in the presence of the House, to discharge that duty; and that the Senate have appointed one of their members to sit at the clerk's table to make a list of the votes as they shall be declared; submitting it to the wisdom of the House to adopt such order as more of their members for the purpose as

Mr. Ellsworth reports that he had delivered the message; and Mr. Boudinot, from the House of Representatives, informed the Senate that the House is ready forthwith to meet it in order to attend the opening and counting of the votes of the electors of the President and Vice President of the United States.

"The Senate and the members of the House of Representatives attended in the Senate Chamber, and the President elected for the purpose of counting the votes, declared that *the Senate and House of Representatives* had met, and that *he, in their presence, had opened* and received the votes of the electors for President and Vice President of the United States, which were as follows:" Here follows a tabular statement of the vote whereby it appeared that George Washington, Esq., was elected President, and John Adams, Esq., Vice President of the United States."

The passage of that resolution, and that memorable first count participated in by the framers of the constitution, should remove all doubt as to the intent and meaning of the author of the provision. That convention were providing a government to be inaugurated so soon as the adoption of its fundamental compact by the requisite number of States should have established the nation's existence. Having provided for an executive, and a law making body to start the government, it convenes in Congress for the mere purpose of complying with the constitutional requirement of witnessing the count of votes to ascertain who has been entrusted with the execution of the laws. To the Senators elect—not yet the Senate—authority is given to make a President for the single purpose "to receive, open and count the votes." The Representatives-elect—not a lawful House—were necessarily convened while the count was being made. No vote could be received, opened or counted but by a President of the Senate. He and he alone was the custodian and canvasser of the sealed certificates. And we look in vain in the constitution or any law of Congress, in that first election, conducted by the very men who framed the sacred instrument, for any authority recognized to exist in the House of Representatives to annul or alter any certificate opened or declared by the President of the Senate, or which constitutes such House a returning board for the election of President of the United States.

It may be unfortunate at this juncture that a joint convention of the two houses to investigate returns is unauthorized and not contemplated by the constitution; that no tribunal has been designated or created to try matters of contest touching title to that high office; but the constitution has unmistakably designated a functionary to count and declare that vote, and neither house can vary the mode prescribed without a violation of that sacred instrument. D. S.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

MONDAY EVENING, Jan. 8, 1877

Gold in New York, 106⅛.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying 93¼; selling 93¾.

Silver Coin—buying, 91; selling, 95.

Coin Exchange on New York ¾ per cent. premium.

Coin Exchange on San Francisco par.

Gold Bars 723 per.

Telegraphic transfers on New York 1 per cent premium.

Currency Exchange on San Francisco ½ per cent. premium.

The week opens in business circles without any special new features in either financial or commercial matters. The outlook for the year is not very bright, it is true, but, nevertheless, there are elements which lend coloring to a hope for at least an average degree of prosperity. First, there is a fair supply of capital in the country and an abundance elsewhere which is seeking investment at a low rate of interest, so that, without some special disaster to the general commercial world, there need be no fears of any stringency in monetary affairs to the serious detriment or depression of trade. Second, the season so far has been such as to promise an abundant harvest of the products of the soil which form the principal wealth and are the foundation for the business of the State. The condition of things, the season, etc., abroad are reported to be favorable to the hope of a good ready market and remunerative prices for these products. Hence we see at this time no reason why the producers and the buyers and sellers of Oregon should not look forward with encouragement to the results of the year's labors.

The present condition of trade in the local market is said of a good deal of quietness, and though a few merchants from the interior are here making purchases for the spring trade, the wholesale and jobbing houses have ample time to set things in order since the holidays and prepare for a renewal of activity when the dull season is past, which always comes between the New Year's and the actua ordering trade. In imported merchandise stocks are not heavy, but are already being replenished with a class of goods more than ever if possible adapted to the wants of the community, and dealers from the interior will find little reason to visit San Francisco after an inspection of the Portland market, either with regard to variety or prices.

The total coinage at San Francisco for the year 1876 was $62,922,000 gold and $10,681,000 in silver, a total of $12,704,600, the largest amount ever turned out in one year at that mint.

The mint commenced operations in 1854. From that time up to the close of 1876, the outturn of coin has been as follows:

Gold coined since 1854	$422,449,200
Silver coined since 1854	29,657,400
Total	$452,106,600

Of the silver coined, nearly $22,000,000 has been made during the past three and one-half years of which over 50 per cent. has been made in Trade dollars for the Chinese empire. Nearly all the subsidiary silver made during the past two years has been shipped to the East. The *Bulletin* says: The mint at present is in a state of great efficiency, but the work of increasing and utilizing its forces has not been relaxed. The introduction of automatic adjusters, which is in contemplation, will greatly add to the present facilities. The demand for coin for the next two years, at least, will be as large as in the past two years.

Puget Sound Commerce.

The growing commerce of Washington Territory deserves notice. Besides the very considerable portion of the salmon exports credited to Oregon generally and the important shipments made from Walla Walla of wheat, flour, etc., the Tribune gives the exports to foreign countries from the customs district of Puget Sound during the past year aggregated in value $738,560, of which cargoes to the value of $111,123 were carried in American vessels and cargoes to the value of $527,437 in foreign vessels. These exports consisted of 40,400,000 feet of lumber, going chiefly to Peru, Chili, Australia, Sandwich Islands, etc., and live stock, meats, grain, fruits, vegetables, flour and manufactured goods to British Columbia. The imports from foreign countries direct are insignificant in amount, footing up a value only of $79,11.44. In addition to the above the coal shipments during the year amounted to 104,556 tons against 70,157 in 1875. Adding this to other exports and it will be found that Washington Territory comes nearly up to or goes beyond Oregon in the comparative value of her exports, considering also her population.

Weather and Crop Reports.

Under date of Dec. 31st the Associated press of San Francisco received reports of the condition of the crops, weather, etc., from all the principal grain growing and shipping points on the Pacific coast. The almost universal complaint of drouth which was sent up from California leads to the belief that the wheat crop in that State will be very short. We collate the following from Oregon:

ALBANY—This is a favorable season for farmers; they are preparing to put in a larger area of wheat than usual.

AUBURN—The growing grain crops in this vicinity are in a very good condition, with very flattering prospects for the harvest of 1877. There are perhaps more acres sown to wheat this year in this vicinity, by one-fourth, than last year. The weather was never finer here than it is at present, and if everything continues favorable in the future, we confidently look forward to a bountiful harvest.

ARLAND—Weather clear and cool: no snow yet this winter. Prospects for good crops were never better; the acreage larger than usual.

CORVALLIS—This winter has been the finest ever known in Oregon. More lands have been plowed than ever before at this time of year. Wheat is worth $1 per bushel. The farmers are prosperous and merchants happy.

EUGENE CITY—Last harvest yielded only half a crop. Prospects for the coming year are good. The weather has been pleasant, with but little rain or frost.

GERVAIS—The farmers in this vicinity anticipate a good crop the coming season. There is considerable grain still in the country, held by farmers for better prices.

HALSEY—Crops have been light this fall, but our farmers expect to put in double the number of acres the coming season, therefore we look for a plent ful harvest.

JACKSONVILLE—We have had no snow yet and very little rain, and the miners are nearly all idle owing to the lack of water. Enough rain has fallen to insure good crops, which, it is expected, will be larger than ever before.

OAKLAND—The weather for the past six weeks has been very favorable for the farming interests and the prospects for a large yield of grain are very flattering, indeed.

ROSEBURG—Farmers are sowing grain, and anticipate a richer harvest than ever before. To-day the last of the centennial year, is one indicative of spring. Business is unusually good in this locality, considering the time of year, and the prospects while I greet 1877 are indeed flattering.

SHEDDS—The prospects for crops in this locality have never been more promising, with a far greater amount of grain sown than usual at this time of year. The weather has been very fine, and the ground in good condition for plowing, with brighter prospects for 1877.

Shipping Intelligence.

The steamship Geo. W. Elder will be due from San Francisco to morrow night.

The bark Garibaldi, owned by Messrs. Corbitt & Macleay of this city, has arrived at Hong Kong, fifty days out. All well.

The bark Adele & Sabina has finished her cargo.

The Br ship City of Dublin will probably clear for Europe this week.

The bark Noon has finished loading and will sail to-morrow.

The Br bk Vallejo has nearly completed her cargo and will clear in a short time.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 7.—Sailed—Brig North Star, Port Townsend; ship Western Shore, Port Townsend; bk Amethyst, Bellingham Bay; bk Vidette, Port Madison; schr Lizzie, Shoalwater Bay; bktn Quickstep, Port Townsend; str Empire, Coos Bay; bk Dublin, Feabeck; str G. W. Elder, Astoria.

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—Flour—Extra jobbing at $6 25@7 25, silver.

Wheat—Fourteen hundred sacks good to choice milling $2 20@2 25. Liverpool market weaker shippers offer only $2 15 for equal lots.

Barley—Choice constfeed $1 20, part silver; brewing $1 30@1 32½, gold

Oats—$1 75@2 25.

Corn—Large yellow firm at $1 30, silver.

Hay—Cargo lots $12@17.

Potatoes—Choice in better favor at 87½c@1.

Gold—106¼.

Legal Tenders—93¾@94¼.

Trade dollars, 100@101; halves, 93¾@94.

Liverpool wheat market to-day, 10s 11d@11 1d for average California; 11s 2d@11s 7d for club.

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co

To Take Effect Sunday, Sept. 17, 1876, at 12 o'clock Noon.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY),

As follows:

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	7:30 A. M.	Roseburg	7:00 P.M.
Roseburg	5:00 A. M.	Portland	4:30 P.M.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)

As follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	3:50 P. M.	Albany	8:25 P. M.
Albany	5:30 A. M.	Portland	10:05 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	6:15 A. M.	Junction	3:00 P. M
Junction	5:45 A. M.	Portland	5:15 P. M

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

Tickets for Sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's Office.

Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing

PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.

E. P. ROGERS, A. BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l Sup't. Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

KALAMA TO TACOMA.

DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Kalama	11:20 A. M.	Tacoma	5:30 P. M.
Tacoma	6:30 A. M.	Kalama	12:30 P.M

CONNECTIONS

At Kalama with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats for all points on Columbia River.

At Tenino with stages for Olympia.

At Tacoma with Steamers for Seattle, Olympia and all other points on Puget Sound.

On Saturday and Wednesday at 6 A. M. with steamers for Port Townsend, Victoria, Nanaimo, New Westminster and Fraser River.

Connecting Tri-Monthly with Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s Steamers from VICTORIA to SAN FRANCISCO.

Through fare from Portland to San Francisco:

Cabin.....$35 00 | Steerage.....$12 00

Through Tickets for sale at the office of the O. S. N. Co., Portland, Or.

J. W. PRESCOTT, General Superintendent.

H. W. FAIRWEATHER, General Ticket Agent.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ordinance No. 1869.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING APPROPRIATIONS out of the Street Lamp Fund.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The following sums are hereby appropriated out of the Street Lamp Fund:

For lighting street gas lamps, two thousand dollars.

For lighting oil lamps, one thousand dollars.

For repairs and erection of street lamps, five hundred dollars.

Passed the Common Council Jan. 3, 1877.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Jan. 4, 1877

J. A. CHAPMAN, Mayor.

ja5d5t

Ordinance No. 1868.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING CERTAIN APPROPRIATIONS out of the Fire Department Fund.

The city of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The following sums are hereby appropriated out of the Fire Department Fund:

For quarterly allowances to the several Fire Companies, as provided by Ordinance No. 1146, the sum of six thousand nine hundred and forty dollars.

For supply of water under contract with the Portland Water Company, eighteen hundred dollars.

For salary of chief engineer, eight hundred dollars.

For salary of fire warden four hundred dollars.

For salary of the secretary of the Fire Department two hundred dollars.

For care of fire alarm telegraph as per Ordinance No. 1672, three hundred dollars.

Passed the Common Council Jan. 3, 1877.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Jan. 4, 1877.

J. A. CHAPMAN, Mayor.

ja5d5t

I all Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the assessment made by Ordinance No. 1876, for the improvement of Hall street in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 1853, on each of the following described lots of land fronting upon that portion of said street lying between Third street and Fourth street, as well as those liable for a proportionate share of improving the intersections of streets running at right angles therewith, is due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer, in United States gold and silver coin, and unless paid within fifteen days from the date hereof, the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection thereof:

Block.	Lot.	Owner.	Assessm't.
14,	4,	J S Johnson	$31 05
14,	5,	W Lair Hill	35 65
			$70 70

By order of the Common Council.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Jan. 8, 1877. ja8d10t

To Street Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland until 12 o'clock M., Thursday, Jan. 11, 1877, for the improvement of the following named streets:

First street from Main to Madison as per Ordinance No. 1867.

Pine street from Second to Fifth as per Ordinance No. 1868.

Bids must be made separately on each street and opposite the number of each block state the price per cubic yard for excavation, and the price per lineal foot for broken stone.

Each bid must be accompanied with the bond of two freeholders in the sum of five hundred dollars, to the effect that if the contract be awarded to such bidder he will, upon its being so awarded, enter into contract therefor with good and sufficient sureties for its faithful performance.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved,

NOAH LAMBERT, S. BLUMAUER, THOS. STEPHENS, Committee on Streets and Public Property.

PORTLAND

CITY DIRECTORY

For 1877.

NOW IN PRESS, AND WILL BE PUBLISHED ON or about JANUARY 1, 1877, the

PORTLAND CITY DIRECTORY for 1877,

Embracing a General Directory of Residents, a Directory of East Portland; together with a Business Directory and other Statistics relative to the Progress and Present Condition of the city.

This being the FIFTEENTH ANNUAL ISSUE of the above work, the Publisher will spare no expense to render it FULLY RELIABLE and ACCURATE, his sole aim being to make the DIRECTORY useful to every citizen in Portland as a faithful annual index of the commercial condition of the city.

The CANVASSING for NAMES in this city and East Portland will be entrusted to reliable parties so as to ensure correctness in every detail.

Mr. A. BUSHWILLER will solicit for Advertisements, and the Publisher hopes that the same patronage may be extended to the contemplated issue that has been received during the past fourteen years.

Please report all interesting in Firms or Business, Removals, etc., at the FRANKLIN BOOK STORE, 41 First street.

DISSOLUTION.

THE PARTNERSHIP BETWEEN THE UNDERsigned in the Pioneer Chop House was dissolved Dec. 31st, by the withdrawal of A. Fournier who has sold his interest to A. WILBRON, who is authorized to collect all dues and pay all debts of the late firm. A. FOURNIER, L. WILBRON.

ja8d6t

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST E. M. Smith, late of this city, are requested to present the same, with affidavit attached, previous to Feb. 1, 1877, to Parish & Cornell, for settlement.

fe1 E. J. NORTHRUP, Assignee.

BANKS.

OREGON & WASHINGTON

MORTGAGE SAVINGS BANK,

(LIMITED)

9 First St., Ankeny's Building, Portland.

Board of Directors.

DONALD MACLEAY, B. GOLDSMITH, J. B. MONTGOMERY, and WILLIAM REID, Portland, and J. T. BROWN, Olympia, Director for Washington Territory.

THIS SAVINGS BANK

Receives deposits from $2 and upwards, either for short or long periods at fixed rates of interest.

Security to Depositors.

1. The Bank's $300 000 capital specially subscribed and pledged for security of depositors' moneys, in order that all losses (if any) shall be made therefrom and

2. The mortgages, assignments, and other securities on which the Bank's deposits are carefully loaned.

Hours—10 to 3 P. M. Saturdays, 10 to 1; open on Saturday evenings from 7 to 8 (for receiving deposits only. For further information apply to

WILLIAM REID, Managing Director.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital.....$2,000,000

With power to increase to $10,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE.....London.

BRANCHES.....Victoria (B. C.), San Francisco and Portland.

AGENTS.

NEW YORK, CHICAGO, CANADA } Bank of Montreal.

MEXICO & SOUTH AMERICA...London Bank of Mexico & South America.

IRELAND.....Bank of Ireland.

SCOTLAND.....British Linen Company.

ENGLAND.....National Provincial Bank of England.

LIVERPOOL.....Bank of Liverpool, North & South Wales Bank

This Bank transacts a General Banking business. Deposits received on current account, subject to check.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits at six per cent (6 per ct.) per annum for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted. Loans made on available security. Collections made promptly.

Exchange sold on London, Liverpool and on the principal towns and cities in Ireland and Scotland from £1 upwards. Also on all places in Canada in sums to suit. Coin and Currency drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on New York and Chicago.

Commercial Credits granted, available in Europe New York, China, Japan, South America, Australia and New Zealand.

FREDK. TOWNSEND, Manager.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept, subject to Check at sight.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.

Coin & Currency Exchange

(Sight and Telegraphic) for sale on

SAN FRANCISCO. NEW YORK. ST. LOUIS. CHICAGO.

Bill of Exchange,

Drawn in the usual way, for any sum desired, on

LONDON, HONG KONG, PARIS, BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND,

Designated Depositary and Financial Agent United States.

President.....HENRY FAILING,
Cashier.....JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS payable in Coin or Currency; for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, Direct on

LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN

THE REAL ESTATE BANK, Limited.

THIS BANK CAN GIVE SATISFACTORY REFerences from leading men of Oregon, that whatever security is guaranteed to depositors through the Capital Stock being limited is vouchsafed to the public in our case in its fullest sense.

Other than the above we can only refer the people of Oregon for reference to the fact that "we still live," and the further fact that according to the laws of Oregon not only our bank assets (including office fixtures) are pledged for the payment of our liabilities, but every dollar of our private fortunes are liable to the bank creditors, and said private fortunes, too, are "limited." A friend suggests that our office fixtures are "limited" but he is try ng to "bear" our credit, and we warn you against him.

DELASHMUTT & OATMAN.

LAW CARDS.

T. A. M'BRIDE, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office in Monnastes' Brick, First street, Portland. n17d3m

B. WHITTEN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office—Opposite Court House, Court Street, Dallas City, Oregon. d19 5m

SYL. C. SIMPSON, JNO. B. WALDO, SIMPSON & WALDO, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, No. 12 Dekum's Building.

WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER, Attorneys at Law, rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in Glisan's Building, corner First and Ash Streets, Portland.

F. A. CHENOWETH, Attorney-at-Law—Corvallis, Oregon.

PORTLAND STREET RAILWAY.

The Street Cars

Will run hereafter until further notice from 6 A.M. until 8 P.M.

EVERY 10 MINUTES,

And, from 8 P. M. to 11 P. M.

EVERY 20 MINUTES.

The EXACT TIME of passing the various points

Can be seen on the Bulletin Boards

Put up

AT THE CROSSINGS OF FIRST STREET

With Washington, Yamhill, Madison, Clay, Lincoln and Caruthers streets. Also, opposite all the Turnouts, at the Clarendon Hotel and Central Market.

W. H. ANDERSON, Sup't.

EVERDING & FARRELL

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Flour, Mill Feed,

BACON,

Hay, Straw, Oats, &c.

FRONT AND ALDER STS., PORTLAND

PACIFIC WOOD YARD,

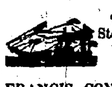
FOOT OF MAIN STREET,

ALL KINDS OF WOOD CONSTANTLY ON hand, sawed and unsawed, and delivered to any part of the city. R. M. RILEY.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.



THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steamer

GEO. W. ELDER,

FRANCIS CONNOR.....Commander

Will leave the Company's Wharf at Foot of F street for the above port on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 13, 1877, At 6 o'clock A. M.

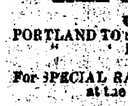
For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

VIA TACOMA.



THE FIRST CLASS IRON STEAMSHIP

CITY OF PANAMA.

Passengers for San Francisco via Victoria will leave Portland per Steamer "Welcome," on

SATURDAY, JAN. 6, 1877, AT 6 A. M.

THROUGH FARE, from Portland to San Francisco

Cabin.....$35 00 Steerage.....$12 00

Tickets for sale at Office Oregon Steam Navigation Company, corner Front and Ash streets.

Through Tickets sold to China, Sandwich Islands, Australia, New Zealand, Panama and New York.

RIVER STEAMERS.

THE W. LAMETT

Transportation and Locks Co.'s

STEAMERS leave PORTLAND from the Company's Wharf, between Washington and Ankeny streets as follows:

FOR DAYTON—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 A. M.

For SALEM, ALBANY, CORVALLIS and Way Landings, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

For Lightering and Towing of Vessels

Between Portland and Astoria apply at the office of the Company, near corner of Front and Washington streets.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

THE WILLAMETTE

Transportation & Locks Co.'s

NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER JANUARY 1, 1877, until further notice, the W. T. & L. Co. will carry Freight at

REDUCED RATES.

UP FREIGHT:

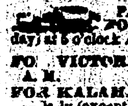
PORTLAND TO SALEM.....$1 00 per Ton.
" Points above Salem 1 50 "

For SPECIAL RATES on DOWN FREIGHT apply at the Office of the Company.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.



PASSENGER LEAVE PORTLAND FOR DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday) at 6 o'clock A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.

FOR KALAMA, TACOMA AND SEATTLE—Daily (except Sunday), at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Daily (except Sunday,) at 6 A.M.

For Cathlamet, Baker's Bay and Skamokawa—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A.M.

For Westport, Clifton and Knappa—Tuesday Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

"CITY OF SALEM"

Will Leave Pacific Wharf for

CORVALLIS

AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS, ON

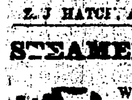
Wednesdays and Saturdays,

At 6 o'clock A. M.,

U. B. SCOTT & CO.

E. J. HATCH, Agent.

STEAMER S. T. CHURCH



WILL RECEIVE FREIGHT ON Old P. T. Co Wharf on and after Dec. 27th for

CORVALLIS

and intermediate points. For rates apply on wharf or on board.

J. W. COCHRAN & CO.

Portland & Vancouver Packet

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

JAS. T. MAY, Master,

WILL LEAVE FOOT OF ALDER STREET daily, Sunday excepted, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board.

Towing done between 10:30 A. M. and 2 P. M. daily, except Sundays.

MARKETS.

HENRY & BARBEL,

Flour and Feed Dealers

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

We have Suitable Facilities for Smoking, Rendering, Covering, Coloring and Sugar-Curing Meats.

Government Provisions Strictly Attended to.

Brick Building, 130 Front St., Cor. Main, Portland, Oregon.

A. H. JOHNSON,

Stalls 36, 37 and 38 Central Market.

Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh Meats.

PACKER OF BEEF AND PORK.

Highest Price paid for all kinds of Fat Stock.

CHRIS. SCHLOTH,

Washington St., near Third,

Is prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.

Free delivery to any part of the city.

W. W. PAULDING,

PORK PACKER.

Packing House—Cor. G, bet. Tenth and E eventh.

Highest Cash Price paid for Fat Hogs. d&w

J. S. KELLER,

Cor. Madison and First Streets,

Is prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PORTLAND MARKET.

E. H. DARLING,

Cor. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS, KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS. Orders delivered in any part of the city Free of Charge. Also, KOSHER BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON.

CAUTION.

TO ALL PERSONS WHO HAVE PURCHASED patent rights from A. L. Leathers. The patent No. 178,807 is only for the manufacturing process of Artificial Stone. The manufacturing process of Mosaic Tiles belongs to another patent, which is exclusively my own property and I will prosecute to the extent of the law any parties manufacturing Mosaic Tiles, unless they have previously purchased my right. F. CHAPPELLET.

OAKLAND, Cal., Dec. 22, 1876. d10 3m

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY LICENSES.

LICENSES FOR THE CURRENT QUARter are now due and payment thereof must be made on or before the 10th inst. at my office, First street.

Liquor dealers must have their licenses approved before payment can be made.

JOSEPH BAUMAN, Treasurer City of Portland.

Portland, January 2, 1877.

College Street.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Assessment made by Ordinance No. 1824, upon each of the following described lots of land fronting upon that part of College street lying between Seventh and Third streets as well as those liable for a proportionate share of improving the intersections of streets running at right angles therewith, is due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer, in United States gold and silver coin, and unless paid within fifteen days from the date hereof, the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection thereof:

Block.	Lot.	Owner.	Assessm't.
197	1,	Fanny Field	$1 35
197	2,	W Kuhnau	9 00
193	7 and 8	W Echo	32 04
193	1 and 2	S Lyon	31 74
193	7 and 8	S Dolph	32 04
193	1 and 2	Cora Burrage	28 71
193	1 and 2	A M c Mann	10 72
139	7 and 8	E of I A Davenport	8 80
			64 49

By order of the Common Council.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Jan. 6, 1877. ja6 10t

Madison Street.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Assessment made by Ordinance No. 1875, for the improvement of Madison street in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 1816 upon each of the following described lots of land fronting upon that part of Madison street lying between East Park and Front street, as well as those liable for a proportionate share of improving the intersections of streets running at right angles therewith, is due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer in United States gold and silver coin, and unless paid within fifteen days from the date hereof, warrants will be issued for the collection thereof:

Block.	Lot.	Owner.	Assessm't.
206	1, 2	P J Northrup	19 20
134	1, 2, 7, 8	James Stee	64 26
167	5 80 x 7	N Percy	8 42
167	W ½ ft of N 20 ft of 7, 8 and W 45 ft 8	J E Witherell	19 14
67	E ½ feet N 20 ft 7 and E 30 ft 8	W F Boland	10 96
167	W 25 feet E 85 ft of N 20 ft of 7, 8	W Mc of Esch B, DeMacay	10 15
56	7 and 8	S Salem's Ha	24 89
			$179 50

By order of the Common Council.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Jan. 6, 1877. ja6 10t

Yamhill Street.

NOTICE is hereby given that the assessment made by Ordinance No. 1860 for the improvement of Yamhill street in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 1826, upon each of the following described lots of land fronting upon that part of Yamhill street lying between the west side of Front and the west side of Fourteenth street, as well as those liable for a proportionate share of improving the intersections of streets running at right angles therewith is due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer in United States gold and silver coin, and unless paid within fifteen days from the date hereof, the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection thereof:

Block.	Lot.	Owner.	Assessm't.
210	4	C Whitehouse	$ 6 66
210	5 and 6	J Shewers	13 44
317	3 and 4	H Corbett	1 80
317	5 and 6	J Schenck	26 64
332	3 and 4	F Pfaff	6 84
209	1, 7, 8	Wm Jackson	26 04
318	1, 2, 7, 8	Darnell Mackey	2 61
328	1 and 2	Hattie E Morden	35 42
"	West 1 and 2	Mrs Goodale	35 42
"	E ½ 7 and 8	Mrs Brown	34 20
33	1 and 2	E Cavanaugh	20 34
			$ 61

By order of the Common Council.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Jan. 6, 1877. ja6 10t

Second Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common